

Financial Statements June 30, 2023

# Palm Springs Unified School District



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# Independent Auditor's Reports

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# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Governing Board
Palm Springs Unified School District
Palm Springs, California

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

# **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Palm Springs Unified School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Palm Springs Unified School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As discussed in Note 1 and Note 17 to the financial statements, the District has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, for the year ended June 30, 2023. Accordingly, a restatement has been made to the governmental activities net position as of July 1, 2022, to restate beginning net position. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
  the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of the District's contributions for OPEB, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability – MPP program, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the schedule of the District's contributions, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 1, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ede Sailly LLP
Rancho Cucamonga, California

December 1, 2023

This section of Palm Springs Unified School District's (the District) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2023, with comparative information for the year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the District and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities separately. These statements include all assets of the District (including capital assets), deferred outflows of resources, as well as all liabilities (including long-term liabilities) and deferred inflows of resources. Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables, and receivables.

The *Fund Financial Statements* include statements for each of the two categories of activities: governmental and proprietary.

- The *Governmental Funds* are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.
- The *Proprietary Funds* are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The Primary unit of the government is the Palm Springs Unified School District.

### REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

# The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, which is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's operating results. Since the governing board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we separate the District activities as follows:

**Governmental Activities** - Most of the District's services are reported in this category. This includes the education of kindergarten through grade twelve students, adult education students, the operation of child development activities, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, State income taxes, user fees, interest income, Federal, State, and local grants, as well as general obligation bonds, finance these activities.

### REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

# **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

**Governmental Funds** - Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following the governmental fund financial statements.

**Proprietary Funds** - When the District charges users for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other departments within the District, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position. We use internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities, such as the District's Self-Insurance Fund. The internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- Total net position increased by \$161,868,670 over the prior year for a new net position of \$523,401,362.
- Revenues, transfers in, and other financing sources for all funds, totaled \$643,002,957. Expenses, transfers out and other uses totaled \$535,289,599.
- The General Fund audited ending balance, which includes \$25,566,234 of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects, totaled \$170,432,685. This represents an increase of \$73,696,870 from the prior year.
- The District's 2022-2023 P-2 Average Daily Attendance (ADA), excluding charter schools and students in County programs, was reported at 17,787.
- The District filed a positive status with both its First and Second Interim reports in 2022-2023.

### THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

### **Net Position**

The District's net position was \$523,401,362 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Of this amount, \$(133,722,877), was unrestricted (deficit). Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the governing board's ability to use net position for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below, in summary form, focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental activities.

June 30, 2023

Table 1

		Governmental Activities				
	2023	2022 as restated				
Assets						
Current and other assets	\$ 612,733,280	\$ 487,248,943				
Capital assets, right-of-use leased assets, and right-to-use subscription IT assets	721,949,609	716,122,693				
Total assets	1,334,682,889	1,203,371,636				
Deferred outflows of resources	95,240,944	68,156,356				
Liabilities						
Current liabilities	66,607,304	50,914,097				
Long-term liabilities	796,613,617	717,297,286				
Total liabilities	863,220,921	768,211,383				
Deferred inflows of resources	43,301,550	141,783,917				
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	407,639,899	369,557,811				
Restricted	249,484,340	156,603,393				
Unrestricted (deficit)	(133,722,877)	(164,628,512)				
Total net position	\$ 523,401,362	\$ 361,532,692				

# **Changes in Net Position**

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 15. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement, rounds off the numbers, and rearranges them slightly so you can see our total revenues for the year.

Table 2

	Governmental Activities		
	2023	2022*	
Revenues Program revenues Charges for services and sales	\$ 7,575,422	\$ 7,009,894	
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions General revenues	137,685,157 291,394	97,427,638 -	
Federal and State aid not restricted Property taxes Other general revenues	243,465,699 157,662,593 71,551,127	214,325,601 137,144,090 9,548,977	
Total revenues	618,231,392	465,456,200	
Expenses Instruction-related Pupil services Administration Plant services All other services	311,043,940 57,193,742 21,339,366 43,488,764 20,297,940	255,024,028 47,061,001 17,578,743 40,868,360 18,835,117	
Total expenses	453,363,752	379,367,249	
Transfers and Extraordinary Items Transfers	(2,998,970)		
Change in net position	\$ 161,868,670	\$ 86,088,951	

<sup>\*</sup> The revenues and expenses for fiscal year 2022 were not restated to show the effects of GASB Statement No. 96 for comparative purposes.

# **Governmental Activities**

As reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 15, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$453,363,752. However, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes was only \$157,662,593 because the cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs (\$7,575,422) or by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$137,976,551). We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$243,465,699 in Federal and State funds, and \$71,551,127 with other revenues, like interest and general entitlements.

In Table 3, we have presented the cost and net cost of each of the District's largest functions: instruction including, special instruction programs and other instructional programs, pupil services, administration, plant services, and all other services. As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3

	Total Cost	of Services	Net Cost o	of Services		
	2023	2022*	2023	2022*		
Instruction-related	\$ 311,043,940	\$ 255,024,028	\$(215,851,554)	\$(190,908,279)		
Pupil services	57,193,742	47,061,001	(28,763,388)	(21,643,728)		
Administration	21,339,366	17,578,743	(18,490,212)	(14,907,579)		
Plant services	43,488,764	40,868,360	(39,948,414)	(38,298,835)		
All other services	20,297,940	18,835,117	(4,758,211)	(9,171,296)		
Total	\$ 453,363,752	\$ 379,367,249	\$(307,811,779)	\$(274,929,717)		

<sup>\*</sup> The total and net cost of services for fiscal year 2022 were not restated to show the effects of GASB Statement No. 96 for comparative purposes.

### THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed this year, our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$521,124,048, which is an increase of \$107,713,358 from last year (Table 4).

Table 4

Balances and Activity						
	Revenues and	Expenditures	_			
	Other Financing					
June 30, 2022	Sources	Financing Uses	June 30, 2023			
\$ 96,735,815	\$ 498,390,598	\$ 424,693,728	\$ 170,432,685			
136,040,506	3,580,549	6,984,580	132,636,475			
43,761,939	24,099,455	12,266,586	55,594,808			
71,435,809	63,788,992	48,378,023	86,846,778			
65,436,621	53,143,363	42,966,682	75,613,302			
\$ 413,410,690	\$ 643,002,957	\$ 535,289,599	\$ 521,124,048			
	136,040,506 43,761,939 71,435,809 65,436,621	Revenues and Other Financing Sources  \$ 96,735,815	June 30, 2022         Revenues and Other Financing Sources         Expenditures and Other Financing Uses           \$ 96,735,815 136,040,506         \$ 498,390,598 3,580,549         \$ 424,693,728 6,984,580           43,761,939 24,099,455 71,435,809 63,788,992 65,436,621         \$ 12,266,586 48,378,023 42,966,682			

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The final amendment to the budget was adopted on June 27, 2023. (A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in our annual report on page 69).

# CAPITAL ASSETS, RIGHT-TO-USE LEASED ASSETS, RIGHT-TO-USE SUBSCRIPTION IT ASSETS, AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

# Capital Assets, Right-to-Use Leased Assets, and Right-to-Use Subscription IT Assets

At June 30, 2023, the District had \$721,949,609 in a broad range of capital assets, right-to-use leased assets, and right-to-use subscription IT assets (net of depreciation and amortization), including land, buildings, furniture, equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions, depreciation, and amortization) of \$5,826,916, or 0.81%, from last year (Table 5).

Table 5

		Governmental Activities				
	2023	2022 as restated				
Land and construction in progress Buildings and improvements Equipment Leased assets Right-to-use subscription IT assets	\$ 112,388,365 600,001,197 5,592,832 2,780,785 1,186,430	\$ 131,249,826 576,469,238 5,041,779 3,011,492 350,358				
Total	\$ 721,949,609	\$ 716,122,693				

We present more detailed information about our capital assets, right-to-use leased assets, and right-to-use subscription-based IT assets in Note 5 to the financial statements.

# **Long-Term Liabilities**

At the end of this year, the District had \$796,613,617 in long-term liabilities outstanding versus \$717,297,286 last year, an increase of 11.06%. Those long-term liabilities consisted of:

Table 6

		Governmental Activities			
	2023	2022 as restated			
Long-Term Liabilities					
General obligation bonds	\$ 413,675,000	\$ 445,680,000			
Private placement debt issuances	5,815,242	7,285,149			
Unamortized premiums	30,353,945	32,871,245			
Lease liability	2,765,396	2,880,201			
Subscription-based IT arrangements	-	56,883			
Compensated absences	4,465,224	2,991,352			
Claims liability	3,297,522	1,891,520			
Net OPEB liability	51,247,463	47,907,026			
Aggregate net pension liability	284,993,825	175,733,910			
Total	\$ 796,613,617	\$ 717,297,286			

We present more detailed information regarding our long-term liabilities in Note 10, Note 11, Note 13, and Note 14.

### SIGNIFICANT ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF FISCAL YEAR 2022-2023 ARE NOTED BELOW:

James Workman Middle School will undergo a complete modernization starting Fall of 2023. During the Fall of 2023, the portable classrooms will be relocated to the other side of campus and in their place a new permanent science building will be constructed.

Once the new buildings are in place, the existing classrooms will be modernized with new HVAC, lighting, technology equipment and carpet. Completion is expected in 2025.

### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

In considering the District Budget for the 2023-2024 year, the governing board and management used the following criteria:

The key assumptions in our revenue forecast are:

- 1. Local Control Funding Formula per Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA).
- 2. COLA 6.56% and Base Augmentation 6.70%.
- 3. Federal income will be projected at the prior year 2021-2022 level with COLA 6.56%.
- 4. Other State income (categorical projects) will be projected at the prior year 2021-2022 level with COLA 6.56%.

Expenditures are based on the following forecasts:

	Staffing Ratio	Enrollment
Grades kindergarten through third	24:1	5,761
Grades four through five	32:1	3,109
Grades six through eight	29:1	4,203
Grades nine through twelve	31:1	6,947

The new items specifically addressed in the budget are:

- 1. Increases in spending as a result of increased Supplemental and Concentration dollars through LCFF and COVID relief funds.
- 2. Increases to the employer contribution rate for CalPERS.

# **CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Assistant Superintendent, Business Services, at Palm Springs Unified School District, (760) 883-2700 or e-mail at jsimmons@psusd.us.

	Governmental Activities
Assets Deposits and investments Receivables Prepaid expense Stores inventories Lease receivables Capital assets not depreciated Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Right-to-use leased assets, net of accumulated amortization Right-to-use subscription IT assets, net of accumulated amortization	\$ 564,935,573 44,800,185 353,272 882,963 1,761,287 112,388,365 605,594,029 2,780,785 1,186,430
Total assets	1,334,682,889
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred charge on refunding Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions  Total deferred outflows of resources	6,781,258 3,762,807 84,696,879 95,240,944
Liabilities  Accounts payable Interest payable Unearned revenue Long-term liabilities  Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions due within one year Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions due in more than one year Net other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB) Aggregate net pension liability	36,527,674 6,012,219 24,067,411 36,074,448 424,297,881 51,247,463 284,993,825
Total liabilities	863,220,921
Deferred Inflows of Resources  Deferred charge on refunding  Deferred inflows of resources related to leases  Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB  Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions  Total deferred inflows of resources	1,117,860 1,761,287 10,776,819 29,645,584
Net Position Net investment in capital assets	43,301,550
Restricted for Debt service Capital projects Educational programs Other restrictions Unrestricted (deficit)  Total net position	80,834,559 41,832,543 93,667,740 33,149,498 (133,722,877) \$ 523,401,362
Total fiet position	7 323,701,302

				Prog	gram Revenues	5		F	let (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position
		C	harges for		Operating		Capital		
			ervices and	Grants and		Grants and		G	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Sales	C	ontributions	Cor	ntributions		Activities
Governmental Activities	ć 265 044 500		E02 260		02 552 422	4	204 204	<u>,</u>	(4.04, 466, 002)
Instruction	\$ 265,814,590	\$	503,260	\$	83,553,133	\$	291,394	\$	(181,466,803)
Instruction-related activities	17 101 402		FF7		9 270 404				(0.001.442)
Supervision of instruction	17,181,493		557		8,279,494		-		(8,901,442)
Instructional library, media, and technology	2 220 552				143,646				(2.105.007)
School site administration	3,329,553 24,718,304		-		2,420,902		-		(3,185,907) (22,297,402)
Pupil services	24,710,304		-		2,420,902		-		(22,297,402)
Home-to-school transportation	7,246,502		_		225		_		(7,246,277)
Food services	16,996,760		24,646		17,496,024		_		523,910
All other pupil services	32,950,480		176,809		10,732,650		_		(22,041,021)
Administration	32,330,400		170,003		10,732,030				(22,041,021)
Data processing	5,283,639		_		31,848		_		(5,251,791)
All other administration	16,055,727		43,841		2,773,465		_		(13,238,421)
Plant services	43,488,764		280,560		3,259,790		_		(39,948,414)
Ancillary services	6,944,247		-		3,238,229		_		(3,706,018)
Community services	439,281		_		225		_		(439,056)
Interest on long-term liabilities	12,686,821		_				_		(12,686,821)
Other outgo	227,591		6,545,749		5,755,526		_		12,073,684
			-,,		-,,-				,,
Total governmental activities	\$ 453,363,752	\$	7,575,422	\$	137,685,157	\$	291,394		(307,811,779)
General Revenues and Subventions									
Property taxes, levied for general purp	oses								79,658,278
Property taxes, levied for debt service									63,710,020
Taxes levied for other specific purpose	es .								14,294,295
Federal and State aid not restricted to	specific purposes								243,465,699
Interest and investment earnings									6,457,967
Interagency revenues									22,331
Miscellaneous									65,070,829
Total general revenues and su	ıbventions								472,679,419
Transfers									(2,998,970)
Total general revenues, subve	entions, and transfe	ers							469,680,449
Change in Net Position									161,868,670
Net Position - Beginning, as restated									361,532,692
g c.								_	
Net Position - Ending								\$	523,401,362

# Palm Springs Unified School District Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Deposits and investments Receivables Due from other funds Prepaid expenditures Stores inventories Lease receivables	\$ 185,644,359 35,269,856 10,052,848 341,272 260,816 1,218,254	\$ 132,343,025 2,278,154 5,867 - -	\$ 54,079,425 1,156,014 7,927,520 12,000 - 543,033	\$ 86,846,778 - - - - - -	\$ 76,913,593 5,597,269 177,662 - 622,147	\$ 535,827,180 44,301,293 18,163,897 353,272 882,963 1,761,287
Total assets	\$ 232,787,405	\$ 134,627,046	\$ 63,717,992	\$ 86,846,778	\$ 83,310,671	\$ 601,289,892
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances						
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ 31,231,980 7,949,650 21,954,836	\$ 1,778,089 212,482	\$ 364,885 7,215,266	\$ - - -	\$ 2,841,523 2,743,271 2,112,575	\$ 36,216,477 18,120,669 24,067,411
Total liabilities	61,136,466	1,990,571	7,580,151		7,697,369	78,404,557
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows of resources related to leases	1,218,254		543,033			1,761,287
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	702,088 93,667,740 15,782,212 34,850,068 25,430,577	132,636,475 - - -	12,000 24,194,984 - 31,387,824	- 86,846,778 - - -	631,261 74,982,041 - - -	1,345,349 412,328,018 15,782,212 66,237,892 25,430,577
Total fund balances	170,432,685	132,636,475	55,594,808	86,846,778	75,613,302	521,124,048
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 232,787,405	\$ 134,627,046	\$ 63,717,992	\$ 86,846,778	\$ 83,310,671	\$ 601,289,892

See Note to Financial Statements

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 521,124,048
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is	\$1,007,792,840 (289,810,446)	
Net capital assets		717,982,394
Right-to-use leased assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of right-to-use leased assets is	5,558,932	
Accumulated amortization is	(2,778,147)	
Net right-to-use leased assets		2,780,785
Right-to-use subscription IT assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of right-to-use subscription IT assets is	1,787,943	
Accumulated amortization is	(601,513)	
	( , )	
Net right-to-use subscription IT assets		1,186,430
In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized in the period when it is due. On the		
government-wide financial statements, unmatured interest on		
long-term liabilities is recognized when it is incurred.		(6,012,219)
		(-/- / -/
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs		
of the workers' compensation insurance program to the individual		
funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are		
included with governmental activities in the statement of net position.		25,955,338
Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position in a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources amounted to and related to		
Debt refundings (deferred charge on refunding)	6,781,258	
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	3,762,807	
Aggregate net pension liability	84,696,879	
,	,,-	
Total deferred outflows of resources		95,240,944

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources amount to and related to Debt refundings (deferred charge on refunding)  Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB)  Aggregate net pension liability	\$ (1,117,860) (10,776,819) (29,645,584)	
Total deferred inflows of resources		\$ (41,540,263)
Aggregate net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		(284,993,825)
The District's net OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		(51,247,463)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of		
General obligation bonds Private placement debt issuance Unamortized debt premiums Lease liability	(413,675,000) (5,815,242) (30,353,945) (2,765,396)	
Compensated absences (vacations)	(4,465,224)	
Total long-term liabilities		(457,074,807)
Total net position - governmental activities		\$ 523,401,362

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Local Control Funding Formula Federal sources Other State sources Other local sources	\$ 304,095,144 51,794,660 99,732,149 31,722,910	\$ - - - 3,580,549	\$ - - - 16,220,919	\$ - 268,979 63,520,013	\$ 11,494,502 14,993,932 12,955,545 13,685,064	\$ 315,589,646 66,788,592 112,956,673 128,729,455
Total revenues	487,344,863	3,580,549	16,220,919	63,788,992	53,129,043	624,064,366
Expenditures Current Instruction	248,475,165	_	-	-	10,744,287	259,219,452
Instruction-related activities Supervision of instruction Instructional library, media, and technology School site administration	17,455,180 3,446,112 25,123,356	- -	- - -	- -	593,320 48,188 926,157	18,048,500 3,494,300 26,049,513
Pupil services Home-to-school transportation Food services	7,189,443 373,884		-	-	16,832,156	7,189,443 17,206,040
All other pupil services Administration Data processing All other administration	33,887,461 6,301,657 14,507,185	-	- -	-	658,286 - 1,533,468	34,545,747 6,301,657 16,040,653
Plant services Ancillary services Community services	46,175,447 3,811,217 454,050	13,048	974,456 - -	- - -	895,487 3,239,618 -	48,058,438 7,050,835 454,050
Other outgo Facility acquisition and construction Debt service Principal	227,591 5,274,173 1,002,856	6,954,619	2,036,851 53,614	33,421,293	6,445,416 2,677	227,591 20,711,059 34,480,440
Interest and other	105,896	16,913	28,560	14,956,730	66	15,108,165
Total expenditures	413,810,673	6,984,580	3,093,481	48,378,023	41,919,126	514,185,883
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	73,534,190	(3,404,031)	13,127,438	15,410,969	11,209,917	109,878,483

See Note to Financial Statements

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 General Fund	Building Fund	Fun	ecial Reserve ad for Capital tlay Projects	Bond Interest d Redemption Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Transfers in Other sources - proceeds from leases Transfers out	\$ 10,220,661 825,074 (10,883,055)	\$ - - -	\$	7,878,536 - (9,173,105)	\$ - - -	\$ 5,549 8,771 (1,047,556)	\$	18,104,746 833,845 (21,103,716)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	162,680			(1,294,569)	-	(1,033,236)		(2,165,125)
Net Change in Fund Balances	73,696,870	(3,404,031)		11,832,869	15,410,969	10,176,681		107,713,358
Fund Balance - Beginning	 96,735,815	136,040,506		43,761,939	71,435,809	 65,436,621		413,410,690
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 170,432,685	\$ 132,636,475	\$	55,594,808	\$ 86,846,778	\$ 75,613,302	\$	521,124,048

See Note to Financial Statements

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental

Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2023

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 107,713,358

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation and amortization expenses in the Statement of Activities.

This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation and amortization expenses in the period.

Capital Outlays
Depreciation and amortization expenses

\$ 27,027,832 (21,200,916)

Net expense adjustment

5,826,916

Right-to-use leased assets acquired this year were financed with leases. The amount financed by the leases is reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing. On the other hand, the leases are not revenues in the Statement of Activities, but rather constitute long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

(833,845)

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses, such as compensated absences (vacations) is measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This amount is the difference between vacation earned and used.

(1,473,872)

In the governmental funds, pension costs are based on employer contributions made to pension plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows and net pension liability during the year.

15,478,160

In the governmental funds, OPEB costs are based on employer contributions made to OPEB plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, OPEB expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and net OPEB liability during the year.

(2,214,276)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2023

Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and the deferred charge on refunding when the debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.  Premium amortization  Deferred charge on refunding amortization	\$ 2,517,300 (504,692)
Payment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	
General obligation bonds Private placement debt issuances Lease liability Subscription-based IT arrangements	32,005,000 1,469,907 948,650 56,883
Interest on long-term liabilities is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due; however, in the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	408,736
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of the self insurance program to the individual funds. The net revenue of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental	

activities.

Change in net position of governmental activities

470,445

\$ 161,868,670

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Assets	
Current assets	
Deposits and investments	\$ 29,108,393
Receivables	498,892
Due from other funds	34,396
Total access	20 644 684
Total assets	29,641,681
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	311,197
Due to other funds	77,624
Current portion of claims liabilities	494,628
Total and the Park State of	002.440
Total current liabilities	883,449
Noncurrent liabilities	
Claims liabilities	2,802,894
Total liabilities	3,686,343
Net Position	
Restricted	\$ 25,955,338
Nestricted	<del>y 23,333,330</del>

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Operating Revenues		
Charges for services	\$	5,884,780
Other local revenues		261,046
Total operating revenues		6,145,826
Operating Expenses		
Payroll costs		190,033
Professional and contract services		6,620,291
Supplies and materials		54,413
Facility rental		74,218
Other operating cost		2,448,938
Total operating expenses		9,387,893
Operating Loss		(3,242,067)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
State and local grants		11,166
Interest income		801,279
Unrealized loss on investments		(98,903)
Total papaparating revenues (expenses)		712 542
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		713,542
Loss before transfers		(2,528,525)
Transfers in		2,998,970
Change in Net Position		470,445
Total Net Position - Beginning		25,484,893
Total Net Position - Ending	\$	25,955,338

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Operating Activities Cash receipts from customers Cash payments to other suppliers of goods or services	\$ 5,691,365 (7,888,851)
Net Cash From (Used for) Operating Activities	(2,197,486)
Noncapital Financing Activities Non-operating grants received Transfer in from other funds	11,166 2,998,970
Net Cash From (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities	3,010,136
Investing Activities Unrealized loss on investments Interest on investments	(98,903) 801,279
Net Cash From (Used for) Investing Activities	702,376
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,515,026
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	27,593,367
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$ 29,108,393
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash From (Used for) Operating Activities Operating Loss Changes in assets and liabilities	\$ (3,242,067)
Receivables Due from other fund	(437,880) (16,581)
Accounts payable Due to other fund	75,869 17,171
Claims liability	1,406,002
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	\$ (2,197,486)

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### **Financial Reporting Entity**

The Palm Springs Unified School District (the District) was established in 1948 and consists of an area comprising approximately 498 square miles. The District operates fifteen elementary schools, five middle schools, four high schools, one charter school, one continuation, and one adult school. There were no boundary changes during the year.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

### Other Related Entities

**Charter School** The District has approved a Charter for the Cielo Vista Charter School (the Charter School) pursuant to *Education Code* Section 47605. The Charter School is operated by the District, and its financial activities are presented in the Charter Schools Special Revenue Fund.

# **Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting**

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into two broad fund categories: governmental and proprietary.

**Governmental Funds** Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-major governmental funds:

# **Major Governmental Funds**

**General Fund** The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

One fund currently defined as special revenue funds in the California State Accounting Manual (CSAM) do not meet the GASB Statement No. 54 special revenue fund definition. Specifically, Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects, is not substantially composed of restricted or committed revenue sources. While these funds are authorized by statute and will remain open for internal reporting purposes, these funds function effectively as extensions of the General Fund, and accordingly have been combined with the General Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements.

As a result, the General Fund reflects an increase in fund balance of \$25,566,234.

**Building Fund** The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (Education Code Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

**Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects** The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund monies for capital outlay purposes (Education Code Section 42840).

**Bond Interest and Redemption Fund** The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for a local educational agency (Education Code Sections 15125-15262).

# **Non-Major Governmental Funds**

**Special Revenue Funds** The Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities, that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund, and that are reasonably expected to continue. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

- **Student Activity Fund** The Student Activity Fund is used to account separately for the operating activities of the associated student body accounts that are not fiduciary in nature, including student clubs, general operations, athletics, and other student body activities.
- Charter Schools Fund The Charter Schools Fund may be used by authorizing districts to account separately for the operating activities of district-operated charter schools that would otherwise be reported in the authorizing District's General Fund.
- Adult Education Fund The Adult Education Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues that are restricted or committed for adult education programs and is to be expended for adult education purposes only.
- **Child Development Fund** The Child Development Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues to operate child development programs and is to be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs.
- Cafeteria Fund The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).

**Capital Project Funds** The Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

- Capital Facilities Fund The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approval (*Education Code* Sections 17620-17626 and Government Code Section 65995 et seq.). Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in Government Code Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (Government Code Section 66006).
- County School Facilities Fund The County School Facilities Fund is established pursuant to Education Code Section 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55), the 2006 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1D), or the 2016 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 51) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (Education Code Section 17070 et seq.)

**Proprietary Funds** Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the local education agency, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting and are classified as enterprise or internal service. The District has the following proprietary fund:

• Internal Service Fund Internal Service funds may be used to account for goods or services provided to other funds of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District operates self insurance programs that are accounted for in an internal service fund.

# **Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus**

**Government-Wide Financial Statements** The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, activities of the District and for each governmental function, and exclude fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the *Statement of Activities*, except for depreciation and amortization of leased assets and subscription IT assets. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

**Fund Financial Statements** Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major governmental funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

- Governmental Funds All governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the governmental fund financial statements, prepared using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources
  measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and all liabilities associated with the
  operation of this fund are included in the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net
  position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash
  flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its
  proprietary fund.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one year after year-end, except for property taxes, which are considered available if collected within 60 days. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

**Unearned Revenue** Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, such as when certain grants are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In the subsequent periods, when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

**Expenses/Expenditures** On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on long-term liabilities, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the government-wide statements.

### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

#### **Investments**

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

# **Prepaid Expenditures (Expenses)**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

### **Stores Inventories**

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and expenses in the proprietary funds when consumed rather than when purchased.

### **Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization**

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide statement of net position. The valuation basis for capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at acquisition value on the date donated.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation basis for proprietary fund capital assets is the same as those used for the capital assets of governmental funds.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements/infrastructure, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years.

The District records impairments of capital assets when it becomes probable that the carrying value of the assets will not be fully recovered over their estimated useful life. Impairments are recorded to reduce the carrying value of the assets to their net realizable value based on facts and circumstances in existence at the time of the determination. No impairments were recorded during the year ended June 30, 2023.

The District records the value of intangible right-to-use assets based on the underlying leased asset in accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The right-to-use intangible asset is amortized each year for the term of the contract or useful life of the underlying asset.

The District records the value of right-to-use subscription IT assets based on the underlying subscription asset in accordance with GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The right-to-use subscription IT asset is amortized each year for the term of the contract or useful life of the underlying asset.

### **Interfund Balances**

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities column of the statement of net position.

### **Compensated Absences**

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide statement of net position. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resources. These amounts are reported in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time.

# **Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Liabilities**

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term liabilities are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as liabilities of the governmental funds.

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, leases, and other long-term liabilities are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

### **Debt Issuance Costs, Premiums and Discounts**

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund statement of net position. Debt premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs related to prepaid insurance costs are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the period the bonds are issued. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are also reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures in the period the bonds are issued.

# **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for deferred charges on refunding of debt, pension related items, and for OPEB related items.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for deferred charges on refunding of debt, deferred inflows of resources related to leases, for pension related items, and for OPEB related items.

### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value. The aggregate net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked.

### **Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)**

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District Plan and the CalSTRS Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program and additions to/deductions from the District Plan and the MPP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District Plan and the MPP. For this purpose, the District Plan and the MPP recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

### Leases

The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the least term the District measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset.

The District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

#### **Subscriptions**

The District recognizes a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription IT asset (subscription IT asset) in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the subscription term the District measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The subscription IT asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the subscription IT asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over shorter of the subscription term or useful life of the underlying asset.

#### **Fund Balances - Governmental Funds**

As of June 30, 2023, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

**Nonspendable** - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

**Committed** - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other action as approved by the governing board.

**Assigned** - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing board or chief business officer/assistant superintendent of business services may assign amounts for specific purposes.

**Unassigned** - all other spendable amounts.

#### **Spending Order Policy**

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

#### **Minimum Fund Balance Policy**

The governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the district against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted on-time expenditures. The policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties consisting of unassigned amounts equal to no less than three percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position net of investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The government-wide financial statements report \$249,484,340 of restricted net position, restricted by enabling legislation.

# **Operating Revenues and Expenses**

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are charges to other funds for self-insurance premiums. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

### **Interfund Activity**

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the Statement of Activities.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### **Property Tax**

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Riverside bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

#### **Change in Accounting Principles**

#### Implementation of GASB Statement No. 96

As of July 1, 2022, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). The implementation of this standard establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription IT asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding liability. The standard provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA. The Statement requires recognition of certain SBITA assets and liabilities for SBITAs that previously were recognized as outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The effect of the implementation of this standard on beginning net position is disclosed in Note 17 and the additional disclosures required by this standard are included in Notes 5 and 10.

# Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

#### **Summary of Deposits and Investments**

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2023, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental funds Proprietary funds	\$ 535,827,180 29,108,393
Total deposits and investments	\$ 564,935,573
Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2023, consist of the following:	
Cash on hand and in banks Cash in revolving Investments	\$ 1,491,930 154,114 563,289,529
Total deposits and investments	\$ 564,935,573

#### **Policies and Practices**

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (*Education Code* Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

#### **General Authorizations**

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Pool and purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

### Weighted Average Maturity

The District monitors the interest rate risk inherent in its portfolio by measuring the weighted average maturity of its portfolio. Information about the weighted average maturity of the District's portfolio is presented in the following schedule:

	Panartad	Weighted Average
Investment Type	Reported Amount	Maturity in Days
Riverside County Investment Pool	\$ 563,289,529	475

#### **Credit Risk**

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California Government code. All investments of the District other than the investments in commercial paper are exempt. The commercial paper has the limitations of a maximum percentage of portfolio not to exceed 25% and a maximum investment in one issuer of the portfolio not to exceed 10%. The investments in commercial paper do not exceed either of these limitations as of year-end.

	Reported	Minimum Legal	Rating as of Year End
Investment Type	Amount	Rating	Aaa-bf
Riverside County Investment Pool	\$ 563,289,529	N/A	\$ 563,289,529

N/A - Not applicable

### **Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits**

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2023, the District's bank balance \$1,510,103 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the District.

#### Note 3 - Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the District has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets may include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market and that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active
  markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that
  are observable, such as interest rates and curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied
  volatilities, and credit spreads. For financial reporting purposes, if an asset has a specified term, a Level 2
  input is required to be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonably available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

The District's fair value measurements are as follows at June 30, 2023:

			Fai	r Va	lue N	∕leasuren	nent	s Usi	ing			
	Reported		Level 1		Level 2			Level 3				
Investment Type	Amount		Inputs			Inputs			Inputs		Unrated	
Riverside County Investment Pool	\$ 563,289,529	Ļ		_	ć		_	Ļ			\$ 563,289,529	
Riverside County investment Poor	\$ 505,269,529	<u> </u>			<u> </u>			<u> </u>			\$ 505,269,529	

# Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2023, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

	General Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total	Internal Service Fund
Federal Government						
Categorical aid	\$ 21,597,554	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,256,281	\$ 24,853,835	\$ -
State Government						
LCFF apportionment	155,687	-	-	-	155,687	-
Categorical aid	8,243,352	-	-	595,249	8,838,601	-
Lottery	1,144,412	-	-	50,781	1,195,193	-
Local Government						
Interest	2,769,662	2,278,154	848,644	1,170,485	7,066,945	498,892
Other local sources	1,359,189		307,370	524,473	2,191,032	
Total	\$ 35,269,856	\$ 2,278,154	\$ 1,156,014	\$ 5,597,269	\$ 44,301,293	\$ 498,892

# Note 5 - Capital Assets, Right-to-Use Leased Assets, and Right-to-Use Subscription IT Assets

Capital assets, right-to-use leased assets, and right-to-use subscription IT assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2022 as restated	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2023
Governmental Activities  Capital assets not being depreciated  Land	\$ 86,882,142	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 86,882,142
Construction in progress	44,367,684	21,066,374	(39,927,835)	25,506,223
Total capital assets not being depreciated	131,249,826	21,066,374	(39,927,835)	112,388,365
Capital assets being depreciated  Land improvements  Buildings and improvements  Furniture and equipment	24,652,280 797,991,545 29,110,884	4,412,612 37,697,932 1,539,222	- - -	29,064,892 835,689,477 30,650,106
Total capital assets being depreciated	851,754,709	43,649,766		895,404,475
Total capital assets	983,004,535	64,716,140	(39,927,835)	1,007,792,840
Accumulated depreciation Land improvements Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment	(3,270,959) (242,903,628) (24,069,105)	(1,249,541) (17,329,044) (988,169)	- - -	(4,520,500) (260,232,672) (25,057,274)
Total accumulated depreciation	(270,243,692)	(19,566,754)		(289,810,446)
Net depreciable capital assets	581,511,017	24,083,012		605,594,029
Right-to-use leased assets being amortized Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment	26,358 4,743,287	- 801,942	- (12,655)	26,358 5,532,574
Total right-to-use leased assets being amortized	4,769,645	801,942	(12,655)	5,558,932
Accumulated amortization Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment	(18,248) (1,739,905)	(2,703) (1,029,946)	- 12,655	(20,951) (2,757,196)
Total accumulated amortization	(1,758,153)	(1,032,649)	12,655	(2,778,147)
Net right-to-use leased assets	3,011,492	(230,707)	-	2,780,785
Right-to-use subscription IT assets being amortized				
Right-to-use subscription IT assets Accumulated amortization	350,358 	1,437,585 (601,513)	<u> </u>	1,787,943 (601,513)
Net right-to-use subscription IT assets	350,358	836,072		1,186,430
Governmental activities capital assets, right-to-use leased assets, and right-to-use subscription IT assets, net	\$ 716,122,693	\$ 45,754,751	\$ (39,927,835)	\$ 721,949,609

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged as a direct expense to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Instruction	\$ 18,886,121
Home-to-school transportation	63,435
Food services	42,916
Data processing	601,513
All other administration	504,688
Plant services	1,102,243
Total depreciation and amortization expenses governmental activities	\$ 21,200,916

#### Note 6 - Lease Receivables

The District has entered into lease agreements with various lessees. The lease receivables are summarized below:

Lease Receivable	Outstanding July 1, 2022 Addition				Deletion	utstanding ne 30, 2023
CCHS Cellular Tower LES/VMES Cellular Tower Land Lease	\$ 949,766 310,103 708,829	\$	- - 31,975	\$	(3,860) (37,755) (197,771)	\$ 945,906 272,348 543,033
Total	\$ 1,968,698	\$	31,975	\$	(239,386)	\$ 1,761,287

#### **CCHS Cellular Tower**

The District licenses (leases) a portion of its facilities for cellular tower antenna sites. These licenses are non-cancelable for a period of five years, with five renewal periods of five years. The District believes the licensees will exercise the renewal option with reasonable certainty. The agreements allow for 3.00% annual CPI increases to the license payments. At termination, lessees must remove all equipment and restore the site to its original state. During the fiscal year, the District recognized \$3,860 in lease revenue and \$33,182 in interest revenue related to these agreements. At June 30, 2023, the District recorded \$945,906 in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources for these arrangements. The District used an interest rate of 3.50%, based on the rates available to finance real estate or machinery and equipment over the same time periods.

#### **LES/VMES Cellular Tower**

The District licenses (leases) a portion of its facilities for cellular tower antenna sites. These licenses are non-cancelable for a period of five years, with one renewal period of five years. The District believes the licensees will exercise the renewal option with reasonable certainty. The agreements allow for 3.00% annual CPI increases to the license payments. At termination, lessees must remove all equipment and restore the site to its original state. During the fiscal year, the District recognized \$37,755 in lease revenue and \$10,252 in interest revenue related to these agreements. At June 30, 2023, the District recorded \$272,348 in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources for these arrangements. The District used an interest rate of 3.50%, based on the rates available to finance real estate or machinery and equipment over the same time periods.

#### **Land Lease**

The District licenses (leases) a portion of its facilities for satellite campus site to College of the Desert. These licenses are non-cancelable for a period of five years, with one renewal period of three years. The District believes the licensees will exercise the renewal option with reasonable certainty. The agreements allow for 3.00% annual CPI increases to the license payments. At termination, lessees must remove all equipment and facilities, and restore the site to its original state. During the fiscal year, the District recognized \$197,771 in lease revenue and \$22,852 in interest revenue related to these agreements. At June 30, 2023, the District recorded \$543,033 in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources for these arrangements. The District used an interest rate of 3.50%, based on the rates available to finance real estate or machinery and equipment over the same time periods.

#### Note 7 - Interfund Transactions

# Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2023, between major and non-major governmental funds and the internal service fund are as follows:

	Due From											
	Special Reserve											
				Fund for	Non-Major		Internal					
	General	1	Building	Capital Outlay	Governmental		Service					
Due To	Fund		Fund	Projects	Funds		Fund	Total				
General Fund	\$ -	\$	23,619	\$ 7,215,266	\$ 2,736,339	\$	77,624	\$ 10,052,848				
Building Fund Special Reserve Fund for	-		-	-	5,867		-	5,867				
Capital Outlay Projects Non-Major Governmental	7,737,592		188,863	-	1,065		-	7,927,520				
Funds	177,662		-	-	-		-	177,662				
Internal Service Fund	34,396		-					34,396				
Total	\$ 7,949,650	\$	212,482	\$ 7,215,266	\$ 2,743,271	\$	77,624	\$ 18,198,293				

The balances resulted from the time lag between the date that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

# **Operating Transfers**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

The General Fund transferred to the Cafeteria Non-Major Governmental Fund for LCFF eligibility processing.	\$ 5,549
The General Fund transferred to the Internal Service Fund for current year pool contribution.	2,998,970
The General Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for deferred maintenance costs.	7,878,536
The Charter School Non-Major Governmental Fund transferred to the General Fund for special education contribution share.	866,769
The Capital Facilities Non-Major Governmental Fund transferred to the General Fund for reimbursement of costs.	180,787
The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects transferred to the General Fund for reimbursement of costs.	 9,173,105
Total	\$ 21,103,716

# Note 8 - Accounts Payable

Accounts payable at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

	 General Fund	Building Fund	Fund	cial Reserve d for Capital lay Projects	Non-Major overnmental Funds	Total	Internal Service Fund
Vendor payables LCFF apportionment Salaries and benefits Construction	\$ 10,747,270 16,211,650 3,350,652 922,408	\$ 1,982 - - 1,776,107	\$	211,149 - - 153,736	\$ 731,891 130,656 37,222 1,941,754	\$ 11,692,292 16,342,306 3,387,874 4,794,005	\$ 311,197 - - -
Total	\$ 31,231,980	\$ 1,778,089	\$	364,885	\$ 2,841,523	\$ 36,216,477	\$ 311,197

# Note 9 - Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Federal financial assistance State categorical aid Other local	\$ 11,946,148 10,008,688	2,104,131	\$ 11,946,148 12,112,819 8,444
Total	\$ 21,954,836	\$ 2,112,575	\$ 24,067,411

# Note 10 - Long-Term Liabilities Other than OPEB and Pensions

#### **Summary**

The changes in the District's long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions during the year consisted of the following:

	 Balance July 1, 2022 as restated	Additions	Deductions	 Balance une 30, 2023	Due in One Year
Long-Term Liabilities					
General obligation bonds	\$ 445,680,000	\$ -	\$ (32,005,000)	\$ 413,675,000	\$ 33,055,000
Private placement debt issuances	7,285,149	-	(1,469,907)	5,815,242	1,532,508
Unamortized debt premiums	32,871,245	-	(2,517,300)	30,353,945	-
Lease liabilities	2,880,201	833,845	(948,650)	2,765,396	992,312
Subscription-based IT					
arrangements	56,883	-	(56,883)	-	-
Compensated absences	2,991,352	1,473,872	-	4,465,224	-
Claims liability	1,891,520	4,728,771	(3,322,769)	3,297,522	 494,628
	_			_	_
Total	\$ 493,656,350	\$ 7,036,488	\$ (40,320,509)	\$ 460,372,329	\$ 36,074,448

Payments on general obligation bond debt issuances are made by the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund with local revenues. Payments on the private placement debt issuances are made by the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects. The lease liabilities payments are made by the General Fund. The subscription-based IT arrangements are made by the General Fund. The compensated absences are paid by the General Fund, Charter Schools Fund, Adult Education Fund, Child Development Fund, Cafeteria Fund, and Capital Facilities Fund. Additions and deductions from compensated absences are reported at the net cumulative change in the current year. The claims liability payments are made by the Internal Service Fund.

# **General Obligation Bonds**

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

Issuance Date	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds Dutstanding July 1, 2022	Issued	F	Redeemed	Bonds Dutstanding une 30, 2023
11/21/13 07/30/13 07/30/14 07/07/16 07/28/16	08/01/37 08/01/33 08/01/36 08/01/33 08/01/33	3.00% - 5.00% 3.00% - 5.00% 0.10% - 5.00% 4.00% - 5.00% 2.00% - 4.00%	\$ 70,000,000 20,425,000 100,085,000 77,215,000 100,000,000	\$ 56,635,000 8,700,000 77,245,000 77,215,000 79,085,000	\$ - - - - -	\$	(2,330,000) (1,760,000) (3,915,000) (1,565,000) (4,960,000)	\$ 54,305,000 6,940,000 73,330,000 75,650,000 74,125,000
10/28/20 04/20/21	08/01/32 08/01/34	0.39% - 2.22% 1.25% - 4.00%	29,900,000 118,000,000	28,800,000 118,000,000	 - -		(2,655,000) (14,820,000)	26,145,000 103,180,000
				\$ 445,680,000	\$ -	\$	(32,005,000)	\$ 413,675,000

#### **Private Placement Debt Issuances**

The outstanding private placement debt issuances is as follows:

	Final		Bonds				Bonds
Issuance	Maturity	Interest	Original	Outstanding			Outstanding
Date	Date	Rate	Issue	July 1, 2022	Issued	Redeemed	June 30, 2023
05/26/10 07/01/21	02/01/26 06/30/41	4.37% 2.27%	\$ 19,539,035 1,338,684	\$ 6,028,639 1,256,510	\$ -	\$ (1,416,292) (53,615)	\$ 4,612,347 1,202,895
				\$ 7,285,149	\$ -	\$ (1,469,907)	\$ 5,815,242

# **Debt Service Requirements to Maturity**

The current interest bonds mature as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Current Interest to Maturity	Total
2024	\$ 33,055,000	\$ 13,725,694	\$ 46,780,694
2025	32,700,000	12,721,566	45,421,566
2026	25,390,000	11,731,269	37,121,269
2027	27,350,000	10,786,270	38,136,270
2028	31,065,000	9,792,199	40,857,199
2029-2033	186,865,000	29,854,075	216,719,075
2034-2038	77,250,000	5,045,044	82,295,044
Total	\$ 413,675,000	\$ 93,656,117	\$ 507,331,117

The current interest private placement debt issuances mature as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	In	Current Iterest to Maturity	 Total
2024	\$ 1,532,508	\$	228,901	\$ 1,761,409
2025	1,592,701		163,080	1,755,781
2026	1,655,404		94,655	1,750,059
2027	58,657		23,517	82,174
2028	59,991		22,183	82,174
2029-2033	253,912		74,784	328,696
2034-2038	351,235		59,635	410,870
2039-2041	310,834		17,862	328,696
Total	\$ 5,815,242	\$	684,617	\$ 6,499,859

### **Compensated Absences**

Compensated absences (unpaid employee vacation) for the District at June 30, 2023, amounted to \$4,465,224.

#### **Lease Liability**

The District has entered into agreements to lease various facilities and equipment. The District's liability on lease agreements is summarized below:

Lease	Leases Outstanding July 1, 2022	Ac	ddition	P	ayments	Leases utstanding ne 30, 2023
Agua Calienta ES copiers	\$ 6,797	\$	-	\$	(3,348)	\$ 3,449
Cielo Vista Charter copiers	2,202		-		(2,202)	-
Cielo Vista Charter copiers Renewal	-		8,771		(475)	8,296
District Wide printers and copiers	871,685		-		(282,017)	589,668
Distict reprographics - printers	15,657		-		(5,065)	10,592
Distict reprographics - copiers	1,975,374		-		(472,168)	1,503,206
ERMHS Copier Lease	-		7,793		(1,468)	6,325
Behavioral Health Copier Leases	-		6,187		(1,374)	4,813
Print Shop Mailroom Postage Meter Lease	-		161,825		(31,626)	130,199
Print Shop Cutter Lease	-		417,826		(115,129)	302,697
Papercut Software Lease	-		1,322		(1,322)	-
Space Rental	8,486		-		(2,746)	5,740
Enterprise Vehicle Lease	-		36,859		(8,492)	28,367
Enterprise Vehicle Lease 2			193,262		(21,218)	172,044
Total	\$ 2,880,201	\$	833,845	\$	(948,650)	\$ 2,765,396

The District entered into fourteen agreements to lease equipment, vehicles, and facilities space through June 30, 2027. Under the terms of the leases, the District paid the annual lease payments of \$1,050,703. At June 30, 2023, the District has recognized a right to use asset of \$2,780,785 and a lease liability of \$2,765,396 related to these agreements. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$1,032,649 in amortization expense and \$104,255 in interest expense for the right to use leased assets. The District used a discount rate of 3.00%, based on the rates available to finances equipment and facilities leases over the same time periods.

The remaining principal and interest payment requirements for the lease obligation debt as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ 992,312 1,018,529 668,550 86,005	\$ 82,962 53,193 22,637 2,723	\$ 1,075,274 1,071,722 691,187 88,728
Total	\$ 2,765,396	\$ 161,515	\$ 2,926,911

### **Claims Liability**

The District has an outstanding long-term liability for claims for the District's Workers' Compensation Insurance Program in the amount of \$3,297,522.

#### **Subscriptions-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)**

The District entered into ten SBITA contracts for the use of digital curriculum software, platform as a service, and safety software. At June 30, 2023, the District has recognized a right-to-use subscriptions IT assets of \$1,186,430 related to these agreements. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$601,513 in amortization expense. The District has prepaid all principal payments in the current year.

# Note 11 - Net Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liability

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District reported net OPEB liability, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense for the following plans:

OPEB Plan	Net OPEB Liability	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	OPEB Expense
District Plan Medicare Premium Payment	\$ 50,065,927	\$ 3,762,807	\$ 10,776,819	\$ 3,571,679
(MPP) Plan	1,181,536	<u> </u>		(231,242)
Total	\$ 51,247,463	\$ 3,762,807	\$ 10,776,819	\$ 3,340,437

The details of each plan are as follows:

#### **District Plan**

#### **Plan Administration**

The District's Governing Board administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a single employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

#### Plan Membership

At June 30, 2022, the valuation date, the Plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits payments	167
Active employees	2,304
Total	2,471

#### **Benefits Provided**

The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

### **Benefit Payments**

The benefit payment requirements of the Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District and the Palm Springs Teachers Association (PSTA), the Teamsters, and unrepresented groups. The benefit payment is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements as determined annually through the agreements with the District, PSTA, CSEA, and the unrepresented groups are based on availability of funds. For the measurement period of June 30, 2023, the District paid \$1,407,923 in benefits.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined by applying updated procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2023. The following assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 2.75% average, including inflation

Discount rate 3.65% Healthcare cost trend rates 4.00%

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-bond General Obligation Index.

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Mortality Table for certificated employees and the 2017 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous Employees Table for classified employees. Mortality rates vary by age and sex. (Unisex mortality rates are not often used as individual OPEB benefits do not depend on the mortality table used.) If employees die prior to retirement, past contributions are available to fund benefits for employees who live to retirement. After retirement, death results in benefit termination or reeducation. Although higher mortality rates reduce service costs, the mortality assumption is not likely to vary from employer to employer.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022.

#### **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 46,494,248
Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	2,662,250 1,668,098 341,687 307,576 (1,407,932)
Net change in total OPEB liability	3,571,679
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 50,065,927

No changes to benefits noted from the prior evaluation.

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.54% in 2022 to 3.65% in 2023.

## Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one% lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Total OPEB Liability
1% decrease (2.65%)	\$ 54,278,724
Current discount rate (3.65%)	50,065,927
1% increase (4.65%)	46,156,655

### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one% lower or higher than the current healthcare costs trend rates:

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Total OPEB Liability
1% decrease (3.00%) Current healthcare cost trend rate (4.00%)	\$ 44,297,603 50,065,927
1% increase (5.00%)	56,956,509

### **OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB**

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$3,571,679. At June 30, 2023, District reported deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB from the following sources.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 423,055 3,339,752	\$ 2,299,516 8,477,303	
Total	\$ 3,762,807	\$ 10,776,819	

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources for changes of assumptions and differences in expected and actual experience will be amortized over the Expected Average remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 13.1 years, and the deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 Thereafter	\$ (476,898) (476,898) (476,898) (442,254) (438,220) (4,702,844)
Total	\$ (7,014,012)

#### **Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program**

#### **Plan Description**

The Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program is administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The MPP Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program through the Teachers' Health Benefits Fund (THBF).

A full description of the MPP Program regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2021 annual actuarial valuation report, Medicare Premium Payment Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) Defined Benefit (DB)Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012 and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A. The payments are made directly to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) on a monthly basis.

The MPP Program is closed to new entrants as members who retire after July 1, 2012, are not eligible for coverage under the MPP Program.

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you go basis from a portion of monthly District benefit payments. In accordance with California Education Code Section 25930, contributions that would otherwise be credited to the DB Program each month are instead credited to the MPP Program to fund monthly program and administrative costs. Total redirections to the MPP Program are monitored to ensure that total incurred costs do not exceed the amount initially identified as the cost of the program.

# **Net OPEB Liability and OPEB Expense**

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$1,181,536 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the MPP Program. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively, was 0.3587%, and 0.3542%, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0045%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(231,242).

### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The June 30, 2022 net OPEB liability was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the net OPEB liability to June 30, 2022, using the assumptions listed in the following table:

Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Experience Study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	3.54%	2.16%
Medicare Part A Premium Cost Trend Rate	4.50%	4.50%
Medicare Part B Premium Cost Trend Rate	5.40%	5.40%

For the valuation as of June 30, 2021, CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among our members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

Not ODED

Assumptions were made about future participation (enrollment) into the MPP Program because CalSTRS is unable to determine which members not currently participating meet all eligibility criteria for enrollment in the future. Assumed enrollment rates were derived based on past experience and are stratified by age with the probability of enrollment diminishing as the members' age increases. This estimated enrollment rate was then applied to the population of members who may meet criteria necessary for eligibility and are not currently enrolled in the MPP Program. Based on this, the estimated number of future enrollments used in the financial reporting valuation was 209 or an average of 0.14% of the potentially eligible population (145,282).

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis with contributions generally being made at the same time and in the same amount as benefit payments and expenses coming due. Any funds within the MPP Program as of June 30, 2022, were to manage differences between estimated and actual amounts to be paid and were invested in the Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is a pooled investment program administered by the State Treasurer.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022, is 3.54%. As the MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis as previously noted, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments. Therefore, a discount rate of 3.54%, which is the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index from Bondbuyer.com as of June 30, 2022, was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability. The discount rate increased 1.38% from 2.16% as of June 30, 2021.

#### Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate		Liability		
1% decrease (2.54%) Current discount rate (3.54%) 1% increase (4.54%)	\$	1,288,102 1,181,536 1,089,264		

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Medicare Costs Trend Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the Medicare costs trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using Medicare costs trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current rates:

Medicare Costs Trend Rate		Net OPEB Liability	
1% decrease (3.5% Part A and 4.4% Part B) Current Medicare costs trend rate (4.5% Part A and 5.4% Part B) 1% increase (5.5% Part A and 6.4% Part B)	\$	1,084,103 1,181,536 1,291,982	

Note 12 - Fund Balances

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable						
Revolving cash	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,114	\$ 109,114
Stores inventories	260,816	-	-	-	622,147	882,963
Prepaid expenditures	341,272	_	12,000	_	-	353,272
Total nonspendable	702,088		12,000	-	631,261	1,345,349
Restricted Legally restricted programs Capital projects Debt services	93,667,740 - -	132,636,475 -	- 24,194,984 -	- - 86,846,778	33,149,498 41,832,543 -	126,817,238 198,664,002 86,846,778
Total restricted	93,667,740	132,636,475	24,194,984	86,846,778	74,982,041	412,328,018
Committed						
Structural deficit	15,782,212					15,782,212
Total committed	15,782,212	_	_	-	_	15,782,212
	10), 01)111					
Assigned	22.274					22.274
Anderson grants	33,374	-	-	-	-	33,374
Local grants	28,662	-	-	-	-	28,662
Donations	146,031	-	-	-	-	146,031
Local control and	F 260 602					F 200 002
accountability plan	5,368,682	-	-	-	-	5,368,682
Textbooks	4,259,151	-	-	-	-	4,259,151
Mental health contract	216,030	-	-	-	-	216,030
ERATE	201,243	-	-	-	-	201,243
Tahquitz property HVAC						
units	415,000	-	-	-	-	415,000
Furniture replacement	1,877,453	-	-	-	-	1,877,453
Use of facilities	225,783	-	-	-	-	225,783
ROTC supplies	21,041	-	-	-	-	21,041
Operational expectations	4,742,776	-	-	-	-	4,742,776
Site carryover	158,016	-	-	-	-	158,016
Contingency for PERS/STRS						
increase	1,663,262	-	-	-	-	1,663,262
Other post-employment						
benefits increase	666,461	-	-	-	-	666,461
Program enhancements	13,596,660	-	-	-	-	13,596,660
Deferred maintenance	1,072,499	-	7,697,749	-	-	8,770,248
State match for OPSC						
projects	-	-	20,281,341	-	-	20,281,341
Energy rebates	-	-	3,408,734	-	-	3,408,734
Other assigned	157,944	_			_	157,944
Total assigned	34,850,068	-	31,387,824	-	-	66,237,892
Unassigned						
Reserve for economic						
uncertainties	22,648,871	_	_	_	_	22,648,871
Remaining unassigned	2,781,706	<u>-</u>	-	-	_	2,781,706
Total unassigned	25,430,577					25,430,577
Total	\$ 170,432,685	\$ 132,636,475	\$ 55,594,808	\$ 86,846,778	\$ 75,613,302	\$ 521,124,048

# Note 13 - Risk Management

#### Description

The District's risk management activities are recorded in the General and Self-Insurance Funds. Employee life, health, vision, dental, disability, and workers' compensation programs are administered by the District. The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; life and health of employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases commercial insurance through Southern California Regional Liability Excess Fund Joint Powers Authority for first party damage with coverage up to a maximum of \$250 million, subject to Member Retained Limits ranging from \$250 to \$5,000 per occurrence. The District also purchases commercial insurance for general liability claims with coverage up to \$1 million per occurrence with excess liability coverage up to \$24 million per occurrence and \$52 million aggregate, all subject to a \$5,000 Member Retained Limit per occurrence. The District self-insures workers' compensation coverage up to \$1,000,000 per occurrence with excess coverage up to \$10,000,000.

# **Property and Liability**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, the District contracted with Southern California Regional Liability Excess Fund (SoCal ReLiEF) for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

### **Employee Medical Benefits**

The District has contracted with Self-Insured Schools of California (SISC) to provide employee health benefits. SISC is a shared risk pool comprised of 32 member Districts and Inland Empire region. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The Board of Directors has a right to return monies to a district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims if a district withdraws from the pool.

The District has contracted with Teamsters Miscellaneous Security Trust (TMST) to provide employee health benefits. TMST represents 23 Teamster Unions Locals located in Southern California, Southern Nevada, Guam, Saipan, and Hawaii. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The Board of Directors has a right to return monies to a district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims if a district withdraws from the pool.

#### **Claims Liabilities**

The District records an estimated liability for indemnity torts and other claims against the District. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an estimate for claims incurred, but not reported based on historical experience.

### **Unpaid Claims Liabilities**

The fund establishes a liability for both reported and unreported events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following represent the changes in approximate aggregate liabilities for the District from July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2023:

		Workers' ompensation
Liability Balance, July 1, 2021 Claims and changes in estimates Claims payments	\$	3,704,724 (442,899) (1,370,305)
Liability Balance, June 30, 2022 Claims and changes in estimates Claims payments		1,891,520 4,728,771 (3,322,769)
Liability Balance, June 30, 2023	\$	3,297,522
Assets available to pay claims at June 30, 2023	\$	29,641,681

# Note 14 - Employee Retirement Systems

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

Pension Plan		ggregate Net ension Liability	Deferred Outflows of Resources		ferred Inflows of Resources	Pei	nsion Expense
CalSTRS CalPERS	\$	166,067,381 118,926,444	\$ 42,677,227 42,019,652	\$	26,421,505 3,224,079	\$	15,272,928 15,738,846
Total	\$	284,993,825	\$ 84,696,879	\$	29,645,584	\$	31,011,774

The details of each plan are as follows:

#### California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

#### **Plan Description**

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2021, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program, thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Program			
Hire date	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013		
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62		
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service		
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life		
Retirement age	60	62		
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%		
Required employee contribution rate	10.25%	10.205%		
Required employer contribution rate	19.10%	19.10%		
Required state contribution rate	10.828%	10.828%		

#### **Contributions**

Required member, District and State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1% of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, are presented above and the District's total contributions were \$29,950,256.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total net pension liability, including State share

Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 166,067,381
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	83,165,895
Total	\$ 249,233,276

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively was 0.2390% and 0.2356%, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0034%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$15,272,928. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$6,707,275 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
\$	29,950,256	\$	-
	4,355,010		5,848,901
	-		8,121,016
	136,227 8.235.734		12,451,588 -
<u> </u>		<u> </u>	26,421,505
		4,355,010	of Resources o  \$ 29,950,256 \$  4,355,010  -  136,227 8,235,734

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ (5,965,488) (6,462,597) (9,708,136) 14,015,205
Total	\$ (8,121,016)

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflow of Resources	
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 Thereafter	\$	4,711,105 (2,049,804) (2,241,373) (2,912,082) (2,500,643) (580,721)
Total	_\$	(5,573,518)

# **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2021
Measurement date	June 30, 2022
Experience study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.10%
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.50%

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically-linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public equity	42%	4.8%
Fixed income	15%	1.3%
Real estate	13%	3.6%
Private equity	12%	6.3%
Risk mitigating strategies	10%	1.8%
Inflation sensitive	6%	3.3%
Cash/liquidity	2%	(0.4%)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.10% and assume that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.10%)	\$ 282,044,006
Current discount rate (7.10%)	166,067,381
1% increase (8.10%)	69,771,912

School Employer Pool (CalPERS)

#### California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

### **Plan Description**

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) and the Safety Risk Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2021 annual actuarial valuation report, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation, and the Risk Pool Actuarial Valuation Report, Safety. This report and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications.

#### **Benefits Provided**

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	On or before	On or after
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	8.00%
Required employer contribution rate	25.37%	25.37%

#### Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$16,539,678.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2023, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$118,926,444. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively was 0.3456% and 0.3369%, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0087%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$15,738,846. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	erred Outflows f Resources	erred Inflows Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Change in proportion and differences between contributions	\$ 16,539,678	
made and District's proportionate share of contributions Differences between projected and actual earnings on	2,103,016	265,037
pension plan investments	14,041,978	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability Changes of assumptions	 537,478 8,797,502	2,959,042 -
Total	\$ 42,019,652	\$ 3,224,079

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ 2,341,756 2,076,976 1,060,944 8,562,302
Total	\$ 14,041,978

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 3.9 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources	
2024 2025 2026 2027	\$	3,027,416 2,783,071 2,433,469 (30,039)
Total	\$	8,213,917

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2021
Measurement date	June 30, 2022
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	6.90%
Investment rate of return	6.90%
Consumer price inflation	2.30%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated and, combined with risk estimates, are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity - cap-weighted	30%	4.45%
Global Equity non-cap-weighted	12%	3.84%
Private Equity	13%	7.28%
Treasury	5%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10%	1.56%
High Yield	5%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5%	2.48%
Private Debt	5%	3.57%
Real Assets	15%	3.21%
Leverage	(5%)	(0.59%)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the School Employer Pool investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one% lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (5.90%)	\$ 171,795,270
Current discount rate (6.90%)	118,926,444
1% increase (7.90%)	75,232,302

#### **Social Security**

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by social security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use the Social Security as its alternative plan.

# **On Behalf Payments**

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$13,341,528 (10.828% of annual payroll). Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual Budget Act for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements.

### Note 15 - Commitments and Contingencies

#### **Grants**

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2023.

# Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2023.

#### **Construction Commitments**

As of June 30, 2023, the District had the following commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects:

DLA500 BLDG 6,255,284 DAC-Tenant Improvements 299,190 Desert Hot Springs Mini-Gym Floor replacement 1,660 Additional Solar, battery storage and micro-grids & EV Charging Stations 4,084,192	2023-2024 2023-2024 2023-2024 2023-2024 2024-2025 2023-2024 2023-2024
PSHS Seismic - building renovations \$ 300,000 DLA500 BLDG 6,255,284 DAC-Tenant Improvements 299,190 Desert Hot Springs Mini-Gym Floor replacement 1,660 Additional Solar, battery storage and micro-grids & EV Charging Stations 4,084,192	2023-2024 2023-2024 2023-2024 2024-2025 2023-2024
DLA500 BLDG 6,255,284 DAC-Tenant Improvements 299,190 Desert Hot Springs Mini-Gym Floor replacement 1,660 Additional Solar, battery storage and micro-grids & EV Charging Stations 4,084,192	2023-2024 2023-2024 2023-2024 2024-2025 2023-2024
DAC-Tenant Improvements  Desert Hot Springs Mini-Gym Floor replacement  Additional Solar, battery storage and micro-grids & EV  Charging Stations  299,190  1,660  4,084,192	2023-2024 2023-2024 2024-2025 2023-2024
Desert Hot Springs Mini-Gym Floor replacement 1,660 Additional Solar, battery storage and micro-grids & EV Charging Stations 4,084,192	2023-2024 2024-2025 2023-2024
Additional Solar, battery storage and micro-grids & EV Charging Stations 4,084,192	2024-2025 2023-2024
Charging Stations 4,084,192	2023-2024
	2023-2024
DW Video Camera Replacement 2,835,554	
, ,	:
Della S. Lindely Elementary Modernization - incl. Fire	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2024-2025
	2025-2026
Sunny Sands Elementary Modernization - incl. Fire	
·	2025-2026
, ,	2025-2026
,	2025-2026
Cathedral City High School Modernization - Design and Fire	
	2026-2027
Nellie Cofmann Locker Room Upgrades 1,798,669	2023-2024
TK-Additions and Re-purposing 14,922,646	2024-2025
H.S. Field Lighting 19,995,731	2023-2024
PSHS Stadium Lighting Replacement 1,456,728	2023-2024
Julius Corsini Metal Shade Structure 288,364	2023-2024
PSHS Locker Room HVAC Replacement 1,329,710	2024-2025
Desert Hot Springs Egress/Ingress Gate Improvements 125,000	2023-2024
Bubbling Wells Solar Field Landscape/Fencing Improvements 200,000	2023-2024
Nellie Cofmann HVAC Replacement 188,086	2023-2024
Cielo Vista HVAC Replacements 137,344	2023-2024
Cielo Vista Restroom Building 641,946	2024-2025
Total \$293,162,561	

# Note 16 - Joint Powers Authorities and Other Related Party Transactions

The District is a member of the Southern California Regional Liability Excess Fund (SoCal ReLiEF), Self-Insured Schools of California (SISC), Teamsters Miscellaneous Security Trust (TMST), and the Riverside Schools Risk Management Authority (RSRMA) a joint powers authority (JPA). The relationship between the District and the JPA is such that it is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the JPA and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District made payments of \$2,264,109, \$24,278,179, \$14,519,558, and \$547,382 to SoCal ReLiEF, SISC, TMST, and RSRMA, respectively, for its health coverage, property liability and workers' compensation.

The District also participates in the RSRMA Safety Credit Program to mitigate its workers' compensation claims experience. As of June 30, 2023, the District has a balance of \$290,715 available for use pursuant to RSRMA Safety Credit Program guidelines.

# Note 17 - Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As of July 1, 2022, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). The implementation of this standard establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription IT asset – an intangible asset – and a corresponding liability. The standard provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA. The Statement requires recognition of certain SBITA assets and liabilities for SBITAs that previously were recognized as outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Beginning net position was restated to retroactively adopt the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96 as follows:

#### **Governmental Activities**

Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported on June 30, 2022	\$ 361,239,217
Right-to-use subscription IT assets, net of amortization	350,358
Subscription liabilities	(56,883)

Net Position - Beginning as Restated on July 1, 2022

\$ 361,532,692

# Note 18 - Subsequent Events

On August 2, 2023, the District issued \$45,540,000 of 2023 General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series A and \$5,315,000 of 2023 General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series B. A portion of the bonds were issued to refund certain maturities of the 2008C GOB Refunding and the 2013 Refunding Bonds. As a result, the outstanding obligation of the general obligation bonds will be considered to be defeased and the liability will be removed from the government-wide statement of net position. The refunding resulted in a cumulative cash flow savings of \$11,564,888 over the life of the new debt and an economic gain of \$8,195,530 based on the difference between the present value of the existing debt service requirements and the new debt service requirements discounted at 2.65%.



Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2023

Palm Springs Unified School District

				Variances - Positive (Negative)
		d Amounts		Final
	Original	Final	Actual	to Actual
Dovonuos				
Revenues  Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 262,428,494	\$ 303,898,960	\$ 304,095,144	\$ 196,184
Federal sources	29,418,484	89,518,342	51,794,660	(37,723,682)
Other State sources	25,372,873	112,264,678	99,732,149	(12,532,529)
Other local sources	20,232,354	31,747,387	31,722,910	(24,477)
				(= :, :::)
Total revenues <sup>1</sup>	337,452,205	537,429,367	487,344,863	(50,084,504)
Expenditures				
Current				
Certificated salaries	143,631,796	157,541,501	155,903,271	1,638,230
Classified salaries	56,002,312	61,584,911	60,478,235	1,106,676
Employee benefits	108,814,968	114,585,890	110,497,447	4,088,443
Books and supplies	18,714,682	80,455,434	22,332,186	58,123,248
Services and operating expenditures	38,628,733	67,462,499	59,009,842	8,452,657
Other outgo	(1,215,593)		(2,161,603)	1,040,869
Capital outlay	423,400	4,643,506	6,642,543	(1,999,037)
Debt service - principal	-	-	1,002,856	(1,002,856)
Debt service - interest and other	-	-	105,896	(105,896)
Total expenditures <sup>1</sup>	365,000,298	485,153,007	413,810,673	71,342,334
Total experiatures				7- 7
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(27,548,093)	52,276,360	73,534,190	21,257,830
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	25,883,934	31,357,340	10,220,661	(21,136,679)
Other sources	23,003,934	31,337,340	825,074	825,074
Transfers out	(2,816,064)	(27,037,383)	(10,883,055)	16,154,328
Transiers out	(2,810,004)	(27,037,383)	(10,883,033)	10,134,328
Net financing sources (uses)	23,067,870	4,319,957	162,680	(4,157,277)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,480,223)	56,596,317	73,696,870	17,100,553
Fund Balance - Beginning	96,735,815	96,735,815	96,735,815	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 92,255,592	\$ 153,332,132	\$ 170,432,685	\$ 17,100,553

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Due to the consolidation of Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects for reporting purposes into the General Fund, additional revenues and expenditures pertaining to these other funds are included in the Actual (GAAP Basis) revenues and expenditures, however are not included in the original and final General Fund budgets.

	2023	2022	2021
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	\$ 2,662,250 1,668,098 - 341,687 307,576 (1,407,932)	\$ 3,293,122 1,086,343 - (5,984,065) (1,096,530)	\$ 3,094,993 1,197,997 - (2,822,929) (3,903,921) (2,555,380)
Net change in total OPEB liability	3,571,679	(2,701,130)	(4,989,240)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	46,494,248	49,195,378	54,184,618
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 50,065,927	\$ 46,494,248	\$ 49,195,378
Covered Payroll	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Measurement Date	N/A <sup>1</sup> June 30, 2023	N/A <sup>1</sup> June 30, 2022	N/A <sup>1</sup> June 30, 2021
	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	\$ 3,004,848 1,192,239 (1,058,918) 13,862 4,090,852 (2,400,649)	\$ 2,517,617 1,851,832 - 63,979 1,251,556 (2,551,740)	\$ 2,563,184 1,680,193 - 181,335 (1,055,121) (2,357,253)
Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	1,192,239 (1,058,918) 13,862 4,090,852	1,851,832 - 63,979 1,251,556	1,680,193 - 181,335 (1,055,121)
Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	1,192,239 (1,058,918) 13,862 4,090,852 (2,400,649)	1,851,832 - 63,979 1,251,556 (2,551,740)	1,680,193 - 181,335 (1,055,121) (2,357,253)
Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments  Net change in total OPEB liability	1,192,239 (1,058,918) 13,862 4,090,852 (2,400,649) 4,842,234	1,851,832 - 63,979 1,251,556 (2,551,740) 3,133,244	1,680,193 - 181,335 (1,055,121) (2,357,253) 1,012,338
Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments  Net change in total OPEB liability  Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	1,192,239 (1,058,918) 13,862 4,090,852 (2,400,649) 4,842,234 49,342,384	1,851,832 63,979 1,251,556 (2,551,740) 3,133,244 46,209,140	1,680,193 
Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments  Net change in total OPEB liability  Total OPEB Liability - Beginning  Total OPEB Liability - Ending	1,192,239 (1,058,918) 13,862 4,090,852 (2,400,649) 4,842,234 49,342,384 \$ 54,184,618	1,851,832 63,979 1,251,556 (2,551,740) 3,133,244 46,209,140 \$ 49,342,384	1,680,193 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

Year ended June 30,	2023	2022	2021
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.3587%	0.3542%	0.4153%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,181,536	\$ 1,412,778	\$ 1,760,166
Covered payroll	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	N/A <sup>±</sup>	N/A <sup>±</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	(0.94%)	(0.80%)	(0.71%)
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Year ended June 30,	2020	2019	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.3729%	0.3625%	0.3625%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,388,630	\$ 1,387,493	\$ 1,743,573
Covered payroll	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	(0.81%)	(0.40%)	0.01%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalSTRS
Year Ended June 30, 2023

CalSTRS	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.2390%	0.2356%	0.2384%	0.2413%	0.2305%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 166,067,381 83,165,895	\$ 107,233,655 53,955,816	\$ 230,999,055 119,080,040	\$ 217,900,290 118,879,155	\$ 211,855,128 121,296,969
Total	\$ 249,233,276	\$ 161,189,471	\$ 350,079,095	\$ 336,779,445	\$ 333,152,097
Covered payroll	\$ 140,239,309	\$ 131,157,282	\$ 131,966,058	\$ 131,111,296	\$ 124,947,685
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	118.42%	81.76%	175.04%	166.19%	169.56%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81%	87%	72%	73%	71%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
		2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.2289%	0.2308%	0.2203%	0.0750%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability		\$ 211,702,726 125,241,544	\$ 186,675,227 106,286,523	\$ 148,312,147 78,440,566	\$ 116,093,098 70,102,025
Total		\$ 336,944,270	\$ 292,961,750	\$ 226,752,713	\$ 186,195,123
Covered payroll		\$ 122,773,402	\$ 113,836,850	\$ 98,694,989	103,962,473
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll					
covered payron		172.43%	163.98%	150.27%	111.67%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		172.43% 69%	163.98% 70%	150.27% 74%	77%

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalPERS Year Ended June 30, 2023

CalPERS	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.3456%	0.3369%	0.3359%	0.3281%	0.3293%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 118,926,444	\$ 68,500,255	\$ 103,062,273	\$ 95,635,221	\$ 87,807,338
Covered payroll	\$ 53,500,637	\$ 48,741,531	\$ 48,591,618	\$ 45,824,731	\$ 43,606,980
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	222.29%	140.54%	212.10%	208.70%	201.36%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70%	81%	70%	70%	71%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
		2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.3267%	0.3258%	0.3013%	0.2952%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability		\$ 77,989,257	\$ 64,353,119	\$ 44,414,852	\$ 33,509,892
Covered payroll		\$ 41,678,190	\$ 40,021,930	\$ 32,838,170	34,228,832
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		187.12%	160.79%	135.25%	97.90%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		72%	74%	79%	83%
Measurement Date		June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014

Year Ended June 30, 2023

CalSTRS	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Contractually required contribution Less contributions in relation to the	\$ 29,950,256	\$ 23,728,491	\$ 21,181,901	\$ 22,566,196	\$ 21,344,919
contractually required contribution	29,950,256	23,728,491	21,181,901	22,566,196	21,344,919
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 156,807,623	\$ 140,239,309	\$ 131,157,282	\$ 131,966,058	\$ 131,111,296
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.10%	16.92%	16.15%	17.10%	16.28%
		2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Less contributions in relation to the		\$ 18,029,951	\$ 15,444,894	\$ 12,214,694	\$ 8,764,115
contractually required contribution		18,029,951	15,444,894	12,214,694	8,764,115
Contribution deficiency (excess)		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll		\$ 124,947,685	\$ 122,773,402	\$ 113,836,850	\$ 98,694,989
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.43%	12.58%	10.73%	8.88%

Calpers	2023	2022	 2021	2020	2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 16,539,678	\$ 12,256,996	\$ 10,089,497	\$ 9,582,753	\$ 8,276,863
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	16,539,678	12,256,996	10,089,497	9,582,753	8,276,863
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
Covered payroll	\$ 65,193,843	\$ 53,500,637	\$ 48,741,531	\$ 48,591,618	\$ 45,824,731
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	 25.370%	 22.910%	 20.700%	 19.721%	 18.062%
		2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Less contributions in relation to the		\$ 6,772,600	\$ 5,788,267	\$ 4,741,398	\$ 3,865,381
contractually required contribution		 6,772,600	5,788,267	 4,741,398	 3,865,381
Contribution deficiency (excess)		\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$ -
Covered payroll		\$ 43,606,980	\$ 41,678,190	\$ 40,021,930	\$ 32,838,170
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		15.531%	13.888%	11.847%	11.771%

#### Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedules**

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and provisions of the California *Education Code*. The governing board is required to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

This schedule presents information for the original and final budgets and actual results of operations, as well as the variances from the final budget to actual results of operations.

#### Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the District's changes in the total OPEB liability, including beginning and ending balances, the plan's fiduciary net position, and the total OPEB liability. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- Changes of Assumptions Liability changes resulting from changes in economic and demographic assumptions are also deferred based on the average working life. In addition, the discount rate was changed from 3.54% to 3.65%.

#### Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - MPP Program

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB Liability – MPP Program and the plans' fiduciary net position. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- Changes of Assumptions The plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 2.16% to 3.54% since the previous valuation.

#### Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for both CalSTRS and CalPERS.
- Changes of Assumptions There were no changes in economic assumptions for the CalSTRS plan from the previous valuations. The CalPERS plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 7.15% to 6.90% since the previous valuation.

#### Schedule of the District's Contributions

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.



Supplementary Information June 30, 2023

Palm Springs Unified School District

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amounts Passed Through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed through California Department of Education (CDE)				
Child Nutrition Cluster Basic School Breakfast	10.553	12525	\$ 33,268	ć
Especially Needy Breakfast	10.553	13525 13526	\$ 33,268 2,464,034	\$ - -
· · · ·				
Subtotal			2,497,302	
National School Lunch Program - Section 4	10.555	13523	1,887,747	_
National School Lunch Program - Section 11	10.555	13524	7,731,764	-
National School Lunch Program - Commodity	10.555	13524	1,026,889	
Subtotal			10,646,400	_
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	14968	85,823	
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			13,229,525	
Passed Through California Department of Social Services				
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	13529	1,636,712	_
Cash in Lieu of Commodities	10.558	13534	121,840	
Subtotal			1,758,552	
B 14 10 KG 1 B 1 1 (55)				
Passed through California Department of Education (CDE) Forest Services Schools and Road Cluster				
Forest Reserve	10.665	10044	9,134	_
Totest heselve	10.003	10044	3,134	
Subtotal Forest Services School and Road				
Cluster			9,134	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			14,997,211	<u> </u>
116.0				
U.S. Department of Defense Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps - Air Force	12.000	[1]	142,684	_
Juliof Reserve Officer Hairing Corps Air Force	12.000	(±)	142,004	
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed through Riverside County Special Education Local Plan Are	ea			
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				
Special Education Grants to States - IDEA Basic Local	04.027	12270	4 252 001	
Assistance Special Education Grants to States - IDEA Mental Health	84.027	13379	4,252,061	-
Average Daily Attendance	84.027A	15197	122,199	-
Special Education Grants to States - IDEA Local				
Assistance Private Schools ISPs	84.027	10115	16,679	-
COVID-19: American Rescue Plan (ARP) - Basic Local Assistance Private Schools ISPs	84.027	15638	140,287	_
	0 1.027	13030		
Subtotal			4,531,226	

[1] Pass through entity identification number not available

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title L	Federal Financial Assistance .isting Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amounts Passed Through to Subrecipients
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	13430	\$ 77,802	\$ -
Special Education Preschool Grants - IDEA Preschool Staff Development Special Education Preschool Grants - IDEA Preschool	84.173A	13431	1,223	-
Capacity Building COVID-19: ARP IDEA - Preschool Grants	84.173A 84.173	13839 15639	23,866 20,020	
Subtotal			122,911	
Subtotal Special Education Cluster			4,654,137	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies School Improvement Funding for LEAs	84.010 84.010	14329 15438	9,159,138 526,879	
Subtotal			9,686,017	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	14894	278,918	-
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	14332	92,258	-
English Language Acquisition State Grants - LEP English Language Acquisition State Grants - ISP	84.365 84.365	14346 15146	765,491 3,731	-
Subtotal			769,222	
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	14349	860,447	-
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants - Teacher Quality	84.367	14341	1,069,106	-
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	15396	892,861	-
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	15536	92,784	76,995
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II (ESSER II) Fund	84.425D	15547	12,705,947	-
COVID-19: ARP Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund	84.425U	15559	7,107,449	-
COVID-19: ARP Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund: Learning Loss	84.425U	10155	8,355,639	-
COVID-19: Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund	84.425C	15517	182,420	11,088
COVID-19: ARP Homeless Children and Youth II (ARP HYC II)	84.425W	15566	36,963	
Subtotal			28,481,202	88,083
Total U.S. Department of Education			46,784,168	88,083

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amounts Passed Through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through California Department of Social Services Child Care and Development Fund Cluster COVID-19: ARP California State Preschool Program				
One-time Stipend	93.575	15641	\$ 5,856	\$ -
Total Child Care and Development Fund Cluste	er		5,856	
Head Start	93.600	10016	4,858,673	
Subtotal Head Start Cluster			4,864,529	
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$66,788,592	\$ 88,083

#### **ORGANIZATION**

The District was established in 1948 and consists of an area comprising approximately 498 square miles. The District operates fifteen elementary schools, five middle schools, four high schools, one charter school, one continuation, and one adult school. There were no boundary changes during the year.

#### **GOVERNING BOARD**

OFFICE	TERM EXPIRES
President	2026
Member	2024
Member	2026
Clerk	2024
Member	2026
	President Member Member Clerk

#### **ADMINISTRATION**

NAME TITLE

Mike Swize, Ed. D. Superintendent

Jeff Simmons Assistant Superintendent, Business Services

Simone Kovats, Ed. D. Assistant Superintendent, Educational Services

Tony Signoret, Ed. D. Assistant Superintendent, Human Resources

Regular ADA         5,271.26         5,309.17           Transitional kindergarten through third         3,971.95         3,971.94           Seventh and eighth         2,556.97         2,535.76           Ninth through twelfth         5,970.07         5,867.73           Total Regular ADA         17,770.25         17,684.60           Extended Year Special Education         3.35         3.35           Fourth through sixth         4.10         4.10           Seventh and eighth         1.52         1.52           Ninth through twelfth         6.47         6.47           Total Extended Year Special Education         15.44         15.44           Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools         0.12         0.12           Fourth through sixth         0.18         0.19           Seventh and eighth         0.18         0.19           Ninth through twelfth         1.15         1.66           Total Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools         1.45         1.97           Extended Year Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools         0.09         0.09           Total ADA         17,787.23         17,702.10           Cielo Vista Charter School           Regular ADA <tr< th=""><th></th><th>Second Period Report 5BCB5B98</th><th>Annual Report 2A92E89A</th></tr<>		Second Period Report 5BCB5B98	Annual Report 2A92E89A
Extended Year Special Education         3.35         3.35           Transitional kindergarten through third         3.35         3.35           Fourth through sixth         4.10         4.10           Seventh and eighth         1.52         1.52           Ninth through twelfth         6.47         6.47           Total Extended Year Special Education         15.44         15.44           Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools         0.12         0.12           Fourth through sixth         0.18         0.19           Seventh and eighth         0.18         0.19           Ninth through twelfth         1.15         1.66           Total Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools         1.45         1.97           Extended Year Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools         1.45         1.97           Extended Year Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools         0.09         0.09           Total ADA         17,787.23         17,702.10           Cielo Vista Charter School           Second Period Report 3661D9A9         Annual Report 3661D9A9           Transitional kindergarten through third         339.83         339.60           Fourth through sixth         277.43         276.77	Transitional kindergarten through third Fourth through sixth Seventh and eighth	3,971.95 2,556.97	3,971.94 2,535.76
Transitional kindergarten through third   3.35   3.35   Fourth through sixth   4.10	Total Regular ADA	17,770.25	17,684.60
Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools Fourth through sixth Seventh and eighth Ninth through twelfth Total Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools Total Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools Ninth through twelfth Total ADA Transitional kindergarten through third Fourth through sixth Total Charter School  Regular ADA Transitional kindergarten through third Fourth through sixth Total Charter School ADA  Regular ADA Transitional kindergarten through third Fourth through sixth Total Charter School ADA  Regular ADA Transitional kindergarten through third Total Charter School ADA  Regular ADA Transitional kindergarten through third Total Charter School ADA  Regular ADA Transitional kindergarten through third Total Charter School ADA  Regular ADA Transitional kindergarten through third Transitional kindergarten through third Total Charter School ADA  Regular ADA Transitional kindergarten through third Transitional kindergar	Transitional kindergarten through third Fourth through sixth Seventh and eighth	4.10 1.52	4.10 1.52
Fourth through sixth Seventh and eighth Ninth through twelfth         0.12 0.18 0.19 0.19 1.15         0.12 0.19 0.19 1.66           Total Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools Ninth through twelfth         0.09 0.09         0.09           Total ADA         17,787.23         17,702.10           Cielo Vista Charter School           Second Period Report 3661D9A9         Annual Report 8C1A26D6           Regular ADA Transitional kindergarten through third Fourth through sixth         339.83 277.43 276.77 Seventh and eighth         339.83 192.33           Total Charter School ADA         811.05 808.70         808.70           Classroom Based ADA Regular ADA Transitional kindergarten through third Fourth through sixth         339.83 339.60 277.43 276.77 Seventh and eighth         339.83 339.60 277.43 276.77 5eventh and eighth	Total Extended Year Special Education	15.44	15.44
Extended Year Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools Ninth through twelfth  Total ADA  17,787.23  17,702.10  Cielo Vista Charter School  Second Period Report 3661D9A9  Transitional kindergarten through third Fourth through sixth Seventh and eighth  Total Charter School ADA  Regular ADA  Regular ADA  ADA  Fourth through sixth Seventh and eighth  1339.83  339.60  Fourth through sixth Seventh and eighth  1339.83  339.60  1339.83  339.60  1339.83  339.60  1339.83  339.60  1339.83  339.60  1339.83  339.60  1339.83  1339.83  1339.83  1339.83  1339.83  1339.83  1339.83  1339.83  1339.83	Fourth through sixth Seventh and eighth	0.18	0.19
Ninth through twelfth         0.09         0.09           Total ADA         17,787.23         17,702.10           Cielo Vista Charter School           Regular ADA         Transitional kindergarten through third fourth through sixth 277.43 276.77         Seventh and eighth 193.79 192.33           Total Charter School ADA         811.05 808.70           Classroom Based ADA         Regular ADA           Transitional kindergarten through third Fourth through sixth 277.43 276.77           Fourth through sixth 277.43 276.77           Seventh and eighth 193.79 192.33	Total Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	1.45	1.97
Cielo Vista Charter SchoolCielo Vista Charter SchoolSecond Period Report 3661D9A9Annual Report 8C1A26D6Regular ADA Transitional kindergarten through third Fourth through sixth Seventh and eighth339.83 277.43 276.77 277.43 193.79339.60 193.79Total Charter School ADA811.05808.70Classroom Based ADARegular ADA Transitional kindergarten through third Fourth through sixth Seventh and eighth339.83 277.43 276.77 277.43 276.77 277.43 276.77 279.33	·	0.09	0.09
Second Period Report 3661D9A9         Annual Report 8C1A26D6           Regular ADA         339.83         339.60           Fourth through sixth 5eventh and eighth 7ctal Charter School ADA         277.43         276.77           Seventh and Eighth 7ctal Charter School ADA         811.05         808.70           Classroom Based ADA         Regular ADA 7ransitional kindergarten through third Fourth through sixth 7ctal 277.43         339.83         339.60           Fourth through sixth 7ctal 277.43         276.77         277.43         276.77           Seventh and eighth 7ctal 193.79         192.33         192.33	Total ADA	17,787.23	17,702.10
Regular ADA         Report 8C1A26D6           Transitional kindergarten through third Fourth through sixth Seventh and eighth         339.83 339.60 276.77 277.43 277.43 276.77 277.43 277.43 276.77 277.43 277.43 276.77 277.43 277.43 276.77 277.43 277.43 277.43 276.77 277.43 277.43 277.43 277.43 276.77 277.43 2777	Cielo Vista Charter School		
Transitional kindergarten through third Fourth through sixth Seventh and eighth  Total Charter School ADA  Classroom Based ADA  Regular ADA Transitional kindergarten through third Fourth through sixth Seventh and eighth  Total Charter School ADA  Regular ADA Transitional kindergarten through third Fourth through sixth Seventh and eighth  Total Charter School ADA  811.05 808.70  339.83 339.60 70.77 192.33		Report	Report
Classroom Based ADA  Regular ADA  Transitional kindergarten through third  Fourth through sixth  Seventh and eighth  Transitional kindergarten through third  1339.83  276.77  192.33	Transitional kindergarten through third Fourth through sixth	277.43	276.77
Regular ADA Transitional kindergarten through third Fourth through sixth Seventh and eighth  339.83 276.77 192.33	Total Charter School ADA	811.05	808.70
Transitional kindergarten through third339.83339.60Fourth through sixth277.43276.77Seventh and eighth193.79192.33	Classroom Based ADA		
Total Classroom Based ADA 811.05 808.70	Transitional kindergarten through third Fourth through sixth	277.43	276.77
	Total Classroom Based ADA	811.05	808.70

# Palm Springs Unified School District Schedule of Instructional Time Year Ended June 30, 2023

					Traditional Calendar		Multitrack Calendar				
	1986-1987	2022-2023	Number of	Total	Number of	Number of	Total	Number of	Number of	Total	
	Minutes	Actual	Minutes Credited	Minutes	Actual	Days Credited	Days	Actual	Days Credited	Days	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	Form J-13A	Offered	Days	Form J-13A	Offered	Days	Form J-13A	Offered	Status
Vin dorgorton	26,000	FF 220		FF 220	190		100				Complied
Kindergarten	36,000	55,230	-	55,230	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grades 1 - 3	50,400	== 000			400		400				0 11 1
Grade 1		55,230	-	55,230	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 2		55,230	-	55,230	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 3		55,230	-	55,230	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grades 4 - 8	54,000										
Grade 4		56,570	-	56,570	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 5		56,570	-	56,570	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 6		61,500	-	61,500	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 7		61,500	-	61,500	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 8		61,500	-	61,500	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grades 9 - 12	64,800										
Grade 9		64,808	-	64,808	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 10		64,808	-	64,808	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 11		64,808	-	64,808	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 12		64,808	-	64,808	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied

#### **Cielo Vista Charter School**

					Traditional Calendar		Multitrack Calendar				
	1986-1987	2022-2023	Number of	Total	Number of	Number of	Total	Number of	Number of	Total	
	Minutes	Actual	Minutes Credited	Minutes	Actual	Days Credited	Days	Actual	Days Credited	Days	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	Form J-13A	Offered	Days	Form J-13A	Offered	Days	Form J-13A	Offered	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	52,820	_	52,820	181	_	181	_	_	_	Complied
_	,	32,820	_	32,820	101	_	101	_	_	_	Complied
Grades 1 - 3	50,400										
Grade 1		57,090	-	57,090	181	-	181	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 2		57,090	-	57,090	181	-	181	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 3		57,090	-	57,090	181	-	181	-	-	-	Complied
Grades 4 - 8	54,000										
Grade 4		58,135	-	58,135	181	-	181	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 5		58,135	-	58,135	181	-	181	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 6		62,520	-	62,520	181	-	181	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 7		62,520	-	62,520	181	-	181	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 8		62,520	-	62,520	181	-	181	-	-	-	Complied

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

There were no adjustments to the Unaudited Actual Financial Report, which required reconciliation to the audited financial statements at June 30, 2023.

	(Budget) 2024 <sup>1</sup>	2023	2022 1	2021 1
General Fund				
Revenues Other sources and transfers in	\$ 431,926,406 9,428,250	\$ 487,344,863 11,045,735		\$ 356,191,297 4,644,158
Total Revenues and Other Sources	441,354,656	498,390,598	380,982,228	360,835,455
Expenditures Other uses and transfers out	431,680,055 4,296,073	413,810,673 10,883,055	345,795,174 2,633,512	329,212,749 2,538,560
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	435,976,128	424,693,728	348,428,686	331,751,309
Increase/(Decrease)				
in Fund Balance	5,378,528	73,696,870	32,553,542	29,084,146
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 175,811,213	\$ 170,432,685	\$ 96,735,815	\$ 64,182,273
Available Reserves <sup>2</sup>	\$ 23,524,859	\$ 25,430,577	\$ 23,161,066	\$ 19,135,594
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	5.40%	5.99%	6.65%	5.77%
Long-Term Liabilities	N/A	\$ 796,613,617	\$ 717,297,286	\$ 897,518,040
K-12 Average Daily Attendance at P-2	19,111	18,598	17,546	20,302

The General Fund balance has increased by \$106,250,412 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2023-2024 budget projects an increase of \$5,378,528 (3.16%). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3.00% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in all of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating surplus during the 2023-2024 fiscal year. Total long-term liabilities have decreased by \$100,904,423 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 1,704 over the past two years. An increase of 513 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2023-2024.

<sup>1</sup> Financial information for 2024, 2022, and 2021 are included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

<sup>2</sup> Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances including all amounts reserved for economic uncertainties contained with the General Fund and the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects.

### Palm Springs Unified School District Schedule of Charter Schools Year Ended June 30, 2023

Name of Charter School	_	Charter Number	Included in Audit Report
Cielo Vista Charter		1173	Yes

Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Student Activity Fund	Charter School Fund	Adult Education Fund	Child Development Fund
Assets Deposits and investments Receivables Due from other funds Stores inventories	\$ 1,676,420 - - - 71,780	\$ 10,892,764 444,059 156,402	\$ 243,342 4,431 -	\$ 2,902,901 364,391 - -
Total assets	\$ 1,748,200	\$ 11,493,225	\$ 247,773	\$ 3,267,292
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue  Total liabilities	\$ - - -	\$ 477,307 1,653,724 486,624 2,617,655	\$ 58,082 1,362 - 59,444	\$ 16,519 1,001,565 1,617,507 2,635,591
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted  Total fund balances	75,894 1,672,306 1,748,200	5,000 8,870,570 8,875,570	188,329 188,329	631,701
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,748,200	\$ 11,493,225	\$ 247,773	\$ 3,267,292

Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

Accets	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Assets  Deposits and investments	\$ 18,222,528	\$ 42,779,585	\$ 196,053	\$ 76,913,593
Receivables	4,032,948	748,436	3,004	5,597,269
Due from other funds	21,260	-	-	177,662
Stores inventories	550,367			622,147
Total assets	\$ 22,827,103	\$ 43,528,021	\$ 199,057	\$ 83,310,671
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 403,589	\$ 1,886,026	\$ -	\$ 2,841,523
Due to other funds	78,111	6,571	1,938	2,743,271
Unearned revenue	8,444			2,112,575
Total liabilities	490,144	1,892,597	1,938	7,697,369
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	550,367	-	-	631,261
Restricted	21,786,592	41,635,424	197,119	74,982,041
Total fund balances	22,336,959	41,635,424	197,119	75,613,302
Total liabilities and				
fund balances	\$ 22,827,103	\$ 43,528,021	\$ 199,057	\$ 83,310,671

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Student Activity Fund	Charter School Fund	Adult Education Fund	Child Development Fund
Revenues Local Control Funding Formula Federal sources Other State sources	\$ - -	\$ 11,494,502 - 4,334,897	\$ - 305,734	\$ - 5,856 2,828,268
Other local sources	3,192,757	140,699	6,716	(4,838)
Total revenues	3,192,757	15,970,098	312,450	2,829,286
Expenditures Current				
Instruction Instruction-related activities	-	8,669,067	160,173	1,915,047
Supervision of instruction Instructional library, media, and technology	- -	56,365 48,188	14 -	536,941 -
School site administration Pupil services	-	926,157	-	-
Food services All other pupil services Administration	- -	- 410,946	- 135,998	36,134 111,342
All other administration Plant services	-	763,033 672,091	8,834 23,132	100,395 79,361
Ancillary services Facility acquisition and construction Debt service	3,239,618 -	28,000	-	- 58,682
Principal Interest and other		2,677 66	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total expenditures	3,239,618	11,576,590	328,151	2,837,902
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(46,861)	4,393,508	(15,701)	(8,616)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Other sources - proceeds from leases Transfers out		8,771 (866,769)		
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(857,998)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(46,861)	3,535,510	(15,701)	(8,616)
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,795,061	5,340,060	204,030	640,317
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,748,200	\$ 8,875,570	\$ 188,329	\$ 631,701

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Revenues Local Control Funding Formula Federal sources Other State sources Other local sources	\$ - 14,988,076 5,194,186 684,279	\$ - - - 9,666,517	\$ - - 292,460 (1,066)	\$ 11,494,502 14,993,932 12,955,545 13,685,064
Total revenues	20,866,541	9,666,517	291,394	53,129,043
Expenditures Current Instruction Instruction-related activities Supervision of instruction Instructional library, media, and technology School site administration Pupil services	- - -	- - -	- - -	10,744,287 593,320 48,188 926,157
Food services All other pupil services Administration All other administration Plant services Ancillary services Facility acquisition and construction Debt service	16,796,022 - 408,180 107,447 - 583,255	253,026 13,456 - 5,681,204	- - - - 94,275	16,832,156 658,286 1,533,468 895,487 3,239,618 6,445,416
Principal Interest and other				2,677 66
Total expenditures	17,894,904	5,947,686	94,275	41,919,126
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	2,971,637	3,718,831	197,119	11,209,917
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Other sources - proceeds from leases Transfers out	5,549 - -	- - (180,787)		5,549 8,771 (1,047,556)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	5,549	(180,787)		(1,033,236)
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,977,186	3,538,044	197,119	10,176,681
Fund Balance - Beginning	19,359,773	38,097,380		65,436,621
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 22,336,959	\$ 41,635,424	\$ 197,119	\$ 75,613,302

#### Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA)

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Palm Springs Unified School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or fund balance, or cash flows of the District.

#### <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

Expenditures reported in the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, except for subrecipient expenditures, which are recorded on the cash basis. When applicable, such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### **Indirect Cost Rate**

The District has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis cost rate.

#### **Food Donation**

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in this schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2023, the District had no food commodities in inventory.

#### **Local Education Agency Organization Structure**

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

#### Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

#### **Schedule of Instructional Time**

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The District has met its target funding. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46207.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at the 1986-87 requirements, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

#### Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

#### **Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis**

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

#### **Schedule of Charter Schools**

This schedule lists all Charter Schools chartered by the District, and displays information for each Charter School on whether or not the Charter School is included in the School District audit.

## Non-Major Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

This schedule is included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.



Independent Auditor's Reports June 30, 2023

Palm Springs Unified School District



# Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Governing Board
Palm Springs Unified School District
City, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Palm Springs Unified School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2023.

#### **Adoption of New Accounting Standard**

As discussed in Note 1 and Note 17 to the financial statements, the District has adopted the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, for the year ended June 30, 2023. Accordingly, a restatement has been made to the governmental activities net position as of July 1, 2022, to restate beginning net position. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Esde Bailly LLP
Rancho Cucamonga, California

December 1, 2023



# Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Governing Board Palm Springs Unified School District Palm Springs, California

#### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Palm Springs Unified School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements
  referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sally LLP
Rancho Cucamonga, California

December 1, 2023



#### **Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance**

To the Governing Board
Palm Springs Unified School District
Palm Springs, California

#### **Report on Compliance**

#### **Qualified and Unmodified Opinions on State Compliance**

We have audited Palm Springs Unified School District's (the District) compliance with the requirements specified in the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, applicable to the District's state program requirements identified below for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### **Qualified Opinion on Transitional Kindergarten**

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the laws and regulations of the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### **Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Other Programs**

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the laws and regulations of the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2023, except as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

#### **Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions**

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Matter Giving Rise to Qualified Opinion on Transitional Kindergarten

As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the District did not comply with requirements regarding Transitional Kindergarten described in the accompanying schedule of state compliance findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001.

Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the District to comply with the requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we consider
  necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
  in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
  report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual
  Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal controls over
  compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and

• Select and test transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

2022-2023 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	Procedures Performed
Local Education Associate Other Theory Charles Cabacile	
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools Attendance	Vac
	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study Continuation Education	Yes Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	No, see below
GANN Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	No, see below
Middle or Early College High School	No, see below
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	No, see below
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	No, see below
Home to School Transportation Reimbursement	Yes
Independent Study Certification for ADA Loss Mitigation	Yes
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	No, see below
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	No, see below
Immunizations	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Yes
Transitional Kindergarten	Yes
Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Mode of Instruction	Yes
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	No, see below
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	No, see below
Annual Instructional Minutes – Classroom Based	Yes
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No, see below

The District does not offer an Early Retirement Incentive Program during the current year; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Early Retirement Program.

The District does not have any Juvenile Court Schools; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to Juvenile Court Schools.

The District does not operate an Middle or Early College High School Program; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Middle or Early College High School Program.

The District does not offer an Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction Program; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction Program.

The District did not elect to operate as a school district of choice; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to District of Choice.

We did not perform California Clean Energy Jobs Act procedures because the related procedures were performed in the previous year.

The District does not offer an Independent Study-Course Based Program; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Independent Study-Course Based Program.

We did not perform procedures for the Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study nor for Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction because the Charter School is classroom-based.

Additionally, we did not perform procedures for the Charter School Facility Grant Program because the District did not receive funding for this program.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identify during the audit.

#### **Other Matters**

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2023-001.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we did identify a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001 to be a significant deficiency.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Saully LLP
Rancho Cucamonga, California

December 1, 2023



Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2023

Palm Springs Unified School District

**Financial Statements** 

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting

Material weaknesses identified No

Significant deficiencies identified not considered

to be material weaknesses None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

**Federal Awards** 

Internal control over major program

Material weaknesses identified

No

Significant deficiencies identified not considered

to be material weaknesses None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a) No

Identification of major programs

Name of Federal Program or Cluster Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number

Child Nutrition Cluster 10.553, 10.555, 10.582

COVID-19: Education Stabilization Funds (ESF) 84.425C, 84.425D, 84.425U, 84.425W

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs \$2,003,658

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

**State Compliance** 

Internal control over state compliance programs

Material weaknesses identified No
Significant deficiencies identified not
considered to be material weaknesses Yes

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for programs Qualified \*

\*Unmodified for all programs except for the following

program which was qualified:

Name of Program

Transitional Kindergarten

None reported.

### Palm Springs Unified School District Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

None reported.

The following finding represents a significant deficiency and material instance of noncompliance including questioned costs that are required to be reported by the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. The finding has been coded as follows:

Five Digit Code AB 3627 Finding Type

40000 State Compliance

#### 2023-001 40000 – Transitional Kindergarten (Noncompliance)

#### Criteria or Specific Requirements

As a condition of receipt of apportionment for pupils in a transitional kindergarten program pursuant to Education Code Section 46300, a school district or charter school shall maintain an average transitional kindergarten class enrollment of not more than 24 pupils for each school site. In accordance with requirements of Education Code Section 48000.1 (b)(1)(C), for school districts and charter schools that fail to maintain an average transitional kindergarten class enrollment of not more than 24 pupils for each school site, as required pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (g) of Section 48000, the amount determined by multiplying the then-current fiscal year's average daily attendance reported for the second principal apportionment period in transitional kindergarten by the amount of the current fiscal year's K-3 Grade Span Adjustment rate is required to be reported.

#### Condition

For the current year, Cielo Vista Charter School (the Charter) did not meet the class enrollment of not more than 24 pupils as required by as required pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (g) of Section 48000.

#### **Questioned Costs**

The question cost identified was \$21,223.

#### Context

The condition was determined by identifying that the Charter reported ADA for transitional kindergarten for the audit year and through testing of average transitional kindergarten class enrollment determined the Charter exceeded 24 pupils.

Average Number	(A)	(B)	
of Pupils Enrolled	Current Year	Current Year	Penalty
Per Class	P2 TK ADA	K-3 GSA Rate	(A x B)
24.50	22.27	\$953	\$21,223

#### Effect

As a result of our testing, the Charter does not appear to be in compliance with the transitional kindergarten average class enrollment requirement of not more than 24 pupils as set forth by Education Code Section 46300.

#### Cause

As of the start of the current fiscal year, the class size at the Charter was greater than 24 pupils, which was identified by the District and the class size was adjusted to down to 24 pupils in the transitional kindergarten class. After the class enrollment adjustments had been made to the class size to meet 24 pupils, the average enrollment was greater than 24 pupils at the second principal apportionment period.

Repeat Finding

No

#### Recommendation

It is recommended that the District implement procedures to ensure that the average transitional kindergarten class enrollment is not more than 24 pupils, as required by Education Code Section 48000(g)(1).

Corrective Action Plan and Views of Responsible Officials

The Charter has implemented and made the appropriate adjustments to the transitional kindergarten class size to be not more than 24 pupils. The District will continue to monitor class sizes at all school sites and the charter school to ensure compliance is met.

#### **State Compliance Findings**

#### 2022-001 61000 – Classroom Teacher Salaries (Noncompliance)

#### Criteria or Specific Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of *Education Code* Section 41372, pursuant to the provisions of *Education Code* Section 41374, determine whether, after applicable audit adjustments, the district met the current expense of education percentage requirements for expenditure for payment of salaries of classroom teachers as set forth in *Education Code* Section 41372.

#### Condition

For the current year, the District did not meet the current expense of education percentage requirements for expenditure for payment of salaries of classroom teachers as set forth in *Education Code* Section 41372. For unified school districts, the minimum percentage required is 55%.

#### **Questioned Costs**

The District's current expense of education for the year audited was \$324,782,793, and the dollar amount by which the District was deficient was \$2,923,045.

#### Context

In reviewing Form CEA, the auditor noted no reductions (overrides in Column 4b). The resulting calculation indicated the District did not meet the minimum required 55% of General Fund expenditures for classroom teacher salaries.

#### Effect

As a result of our testing, the District does not appear to be in compliance with current expense of education percentage requirements for expenditure for payment of salaries of classroom teachers as set forth in *Education Code* Section 41372.

#### Cause

As a result of the District receiving significant sources of new funding from ESSER and GEER to be used specifically for COVID-19 related expenditures, the District's ratio was not maintained. These one-time funding sources were not eligible for exclusion from the calculation.

#### Recommendation

The District may want to consider reviewing the calculation to determine if there are any possible reductions that could be applied. The District may also want to consider reviewing the calculation during budget preparation to ensure compliance will be achieved next year. It is not anticipated that this noncompliance will be an ongoing issue as COVID-19 related expenditures are not ongoing.

**Current Status** 

Implemented.